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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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LOVE HAS A VOW.

They say, those critics wise and true,
That all life's tales are told;
That death lies 'neath the morning dew,
That the heart of the world is cold!
The hero's dust, his red sword rust,
My lady sighs no more;
Good deeds of valor, love and trust,
Ha! ha! are a poet's lore!

But lips speak low and hopes beat high,
Sweet faces flash and fade;
Brave souls bow down to the mystic sky—
Ho! Love has a vow new-made!
And never a star o'er the western bar
Falls into the deep of night
But a thought is born that will burn far, far,
In the deathless soul of the right!
—Charles W. Stevenson.

A MUSICAL HEART.

BY IDA ESTELLA R. SMITH.

Philemon Harventhal had lived three-score and ten years in the quiet village of Aylesborough. He was a man of unblemished character, was known to be very wealthy, and lived in an unpretentious manner. He was a psychist, and his rather peculiar religious views were the cause of many heated arguments among those of his friends whom he considered it his duty to instruct in the mysteries of his chosen faith. He fully believed that when the time should come for him to "put on immortality" he would be received on the next plane by a host of bright spirits. As he was charitable, owed no man aught that he could not pay, had kept the commandments and had been as nearly as possible what the world calls an upright man, he believed that a reception of unusual grandeur awaited him.

Notwithstanding this assurance, he seemed to prefer deferring his journey to the "ever-green shore" as long as possible, for a real or imaginary pain in the region of his heart one day caused the good man to make a rather hurried visit to a physician of his acquaintance.

Dr. Elwell was one among the list of possible converts to his spiritualistic doctrine, and as Philemon entered his office he immediately cast about for an excuse whereby he might, if possible, avoid the expected lecture. But there was a troubled look on his old friend's face that quite disarmed him, and a few moments later Dr. Elwell's head was pressed against his side in a listening attitude. As he listened, instead of hearing the heart-pulsations, as he expected, he heard music!

He raised his head and looked about, but could no longer hear it. Once more he pressed his ear against Philemon's heart, and once more he heard the same sweet strain. The music sounded like the soft tones of his own piano, as he had heard his daughter playing before leaving the house, which stood about 20 yards distant.

The doctor walked to the door and listened, but heard no sound. He looked toward the house, but there was nothing unusual in that direction.

By the time the thoroughly puzzled physician had listened, first at the front, then at the back door of the office, alternately pressing his ear against Philemon's side, he had aroused the old man's curiosity.

"Anything peculiar about it, doctor?"

"A little unusual, surely."

"Unusual?"

"I imagine I hear music."

"Well, doctor, I believe there is to be a show in town. I suppose they are having a street parade."

The physician hesitated. If he explained he feared a lecture on the supernatural. If he did not explain he felt that he was deceiving an innocent man.

Philemon continued, "I hope that it will not prove serious, though I suffer considerably at times, and thought best not to neglect it."

"Y-e-s."

"You seem undecided."

"I—I never had a case of this kind before! I think there must be some mistake, but I certainly hear music every time I press my ear to your heart," he replied, half fearing an explanation of the mystery from his patient's standpoint, and preparing to defend his own belief against all spiritualistic delusion.

Philemon was silent. He looked searchingly into the doctor's eyes, half expecting to see a twinkle of merriment, but there was nothing of the kind. Indeed, his honest face wore a troubled expression quite convincing to the patient.

Philemon pointed across the street. "I see Dr. Grey over there. Please call him."

A moment later Dr. Elwell was explaining to his brother physician the usual occurrence, and together they sought an explanation; but to no purpose. Dr. Grey heard music when his ear rested against Philemon's side, as his friend had heard it.

A serious expression rested on the usually happy countenace of their patient as he prepared to depart. He arose, pulled his hat over his eyes, and walked out as feebly as though he had grown ten years older. Both physicians were as puzzled over the apparent effect of their communication as they were as to the origin of the sweet strains. Philemon walked down the village street like a man in a dream. A neighbor spoke socially as he passed, but the old man did not hear. He entered his house, mechanically drew a chair before the open fire, seated himself and rested his head in his hands. His dog stretched himself at his feet, occasionally opening one eye to look up at his master, who had failed to speak a word of welcome, and the omission had not passed unnoticed by the faithful brute.

A half hour passed. Philemon moved uneasily, and the mastiff's tail thumped against the floor reassuringly. "Amzie!"

The dog bounded to his feet with a whine of pleasure.

"Amzie, my boy, I have much to attend to; very much, for I have this day received a warning."

He placed his hand on the animal's head, and in a sorrowful and affectionate manner caressed the only creature left to him whom he believed loved him disinterestedly.

"Yes, Amzie, I have received a warning of the approaching change. I suppose I ought to be thankful that the time draws near, but it is uncertain, after all. You must be provided for, and you shall be! The rascally relatives who anxiously await my final leave-taking cannot cheat you out of your inheritance! You are my best friend! Do you understand me? My best friend!"

The mastiff raised one huge paw and placed it across his master's knee as he tried to lick the hand that caressed him. Philemon gently stroked it and continued: "I have been told that there are animals on the next plane, Amzie; I cannot say whether it be true, but you can come to me if they misuse you. They dare not, sir! They dare not!" he shouted, excitedly.

He pulled the chair toward a rather antiquated desk, and wrote several words on a slip of paper.

"Take this to Richard, my boy. If my heart is weak I must save steps; I have heard that walking is injurious if one suffers with heart disease."

The dog took the note in his mouth, and as Philemon opened the door bounded outward. A few moments later he returned, with the gardener closely following.

"You sent for me? Amzie brought the note."

"Yes, Richard; I want you to bring a lawyer here at once. He must be the first one you can find. I am in a great hurry!" And the man hurried away.

When the lawyer arrived he found Philemon seated before the desk, busily engaged in arranging his business papers. One drawer after another had been emptied, and the contents heaped in considerable confusion before him. He welcomed the lawyer, and proceeded to explain why he called him.

"I have concluded, sir, that a man who has lived as long in this world as I have ought to properly arrange matters before leaving for the next; therefore, I have sent for you to do the work for me."

The lawyer acquiesced, politely remarking that he hoped it might be many years first, and Philemon continued, "I have a large estate to dispose of. I also have a few distant relatives; not one among them would, from genuine sorrow, shed a tear at my grave; but this faithful fellow will mourn." Here he once more caressed the dog. "I want him properly cared for during his life, if he survive me—and I have good reason to believe that he will; and as either one of the rascally set who claim relationship to me would, in all probability, assist him in reaching dog heaven ahead of time, I wish to leave him in the care of my gardener, Richard Jenkins. He is faithful, and Amzie is fond of him. I wish him to understand that this room, with all it contains, is to be reserved for the use of the dog. The remaining portion of the house is to be used by his own family, and Amzie is to be well cared for. In compensation for these services I will place at his disposal $1000 the first year, and it shall be increased $200 each year that my pet shall live. A sure incentive for Richard to see that he has good care," he remarked, with a grin of satisfaction, as the lawyer rapidly transferred the old man's wishes to paper.

He then explained minutely how and what the dog was to be fed, and he wished Richard to understand that though he often stretched himself before the fire, at times he enjoyed lying on the broad sofa, which must be left for his use alone.

The lawyer smiled indulgently, and continued to write until the rather peculiar document was finished.

Soon afterward the will was properly signed and witnessed, the lawyer had gone, and Philemon was once more seated before the fire.

The evening shadows were lengthening. Philemon seemed to have forgotten that he usually ate a hearty meal at this hour. Amzie, as usual, lay at his master's feet, occasionally looking upward and emphasizing the fact of his presence by the same loud rap of his tail.

The old man remained in this position for some time. He was thinking of the years that had passed since his wife had been taken from him, and now he believed the time short until he should meet her. Save for those who ministered to his comfort, and were paid for their services, he had lived alone, with only the companionship of a dog. Amzie was the third mastiff that had enjoyed the privilege of lying at his feet.

"The time is short," he thought aloud, and Amzie immediately bounded to his side.

"You are in the habit of going with me for a walk at this hour, sir. Come along. I have a strange errand to do tonight."

Without further conversation with his dumb companion Philemon walked slowly up the street until he reached the village furniture and undertaking establishment. Here he paused as though somewhat undecided whether to enter. A dim light burned in the rear of the store, though the front remained in darkness. Finally Philemon entered the dimly lighted building in a hesitating manner. The proprietor came out of the back room, and upon recognizing his visitor cordially welcomed him.

When he had selected a coffin and given directions as to how he wished it trimmed, he left the astonished undertaker and walked toward the home of a fellow-psychist.

After seriously considering the matter, Philemon had decided to visit this man and explain the state of his feelings regarding the spiritual phenomena, as he was pleased to consider the occurrence in the doctor's office that morning. His friend listened attentively until he had finished; then he laughed.

"If you neither saw nor heard anything unusual yourself, my opinion is that those physicians were playing a joke on you," was the unsatisfactory reply. And the matter seemed to have a little less serious an aspect to Philemon, though he had gone too far, and arranged his earthly affairs preparatory to entering the next world with too much genuine anxiety, to cast it off at the first laugh from his friend.

"Should this matter prove to be as I think, you will speak a few words over my remains, will you not?" he inquired, half hoping that his time on earth would end abruptly, if only to convince the man that he was right.

"I will," was the grave reply, and Philemon departed.

His words had not produced the effect upon his friend that he had hoped, though he still felt convinced of the genuineness of the warning; and with the faithful Amzie walked homeward, repeating a few comforting verses of Scripture, believing it the proper thing for a man to do who expected ere long to take that journey from whence no man returns.

He reached the corner of the street near his home without speaking to the dog. It had been his custom to converse with him in a confidential manner, quite ignoring the fact that he received no reply; but tonight the dog seemed to understand his master's mood and trotted on ahead. Suddenly a man emerged from Philemon's gate, and Amzie gave a bark of recognition. It was Dr. Elwell.

"Good evening, Mr. Harventhal. I have been searching for you for an hour. I thought you seemed somewhat disturbed over our hearing music this morning, and I wanted to tell you that after you left we discovered that your back had rested against the thin pipe of the speaking tube which communicates with my house, and my daughter was playing the piano. If you were not so hard of hearing you probably would have heard it yourself."

Philemon mumbled something, he scarcely knew what, and the doctor hurried on. But a load seemed to have been suddenly lifted from him. He now realized that he had eaten nothing since morning, and understood that the faint feeling he had experienced was caused by hunger; though before he sought food he exclaimed, "Never mind, Amzie; you are provided for! I needed a shock."—Woman's Home Companion.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

A single wild tribe of western Indians is using 41 kinds of vegetables which are absolutely unknown to the majority of cooks.

Probably the top is the oldest toy in the world. It has been used for thousands of years in all parts of the globe, and some savage tribes use it in the performance of religious rites.

Iowa county, Wis., lays claim to having the lowest-salaried official in the employ of the United States government. The government hires Frank Lynch for one cent a year to carry the mail between Dodgeville, the county seat of Iowa county, and Mineral Point, nine miles distant.

In 1186 astrologers said the world would be destroyed by the conjunction of the planets. A few years later another alarm was raised, and in 1532, Simon Goulart claimed a mountain had opened in Assyria and a scroll had been shown him on which was written the prediction that the world was coming to an end. He frightened everybody.

A curious fishing wheel is used on the Columbia river, near Portland, Ore. It is fixed near the bank of the river, a place being selected where the river is most rapid. The wheel consists of three receivers. These are enclosed on three sides by wire netting, and, as the wheel revolves by means of the current, each receiver is submerged beneath the water, and scoops up the salmon as they jump in the rapids.

There is a place in the middle of the Pacific ocean well known to mariners where there is never any Christmas day. This is owing to its being in the 180th degree of longitude and directly opposite to Greenwich, and, therefore, 12 hours ahead of Greenwich time. In a journey around the globe the other 12 hours would have to be marked out of the navigator's calendar, and if this point crossing the antipodes is touched Christmas eve then there can be no Christmas day.

Kansas can boast perhaps of the smallest woman now alive. Her name is Helen Powers, and her home is with her parents at Wetmore, in Brown county. She is now 24 years old, but she has never grown a bit since the age of three. A local paper prints her picture as she appears playing with a pair of rabbits, and really they are nearly as big as the baby-like figure beside them. "She was taken with a severe illness at the age of three," says the paper, "and she has never grown any larger. She has the intelligence of a bright child of three."

A Barbarian's Bedstead.

In this country the furnishings of a bedroom usually comprise several pieces, but in some of the Straits Settlements the bedstead is the only article of furniture in the sleeping chamber. Consequently, when heathen royalty wishes to live luxuriously the bed is made larger and handsomer. A recent order received by a Birmingham firm calls for a bed built in accordance with these Oriental ideas, which is 8 feet 6 inches long by 7 feet 6 inches wide, and 12 feet high from the floor to the top, of a magnificent pearl and brass, elaborately hand-chased cornice. Upon each of the large ornamental pillars, which support the cornice, are five pearl busts, starred pearl being also placed in the centre of every triple joint casting in the rails at the head and foot of the bed.

Rugged Through Outdoor Exercise.

Lord Roberts is a striking instance of what an active life in the open air will do for a man. As a youth he was extremely delicate and had to take far more than his share of gruel and physic. Yet today, after "41 years in India," he is as hale as possible and has few equals in the army at lemon cutting, tent pegging and other kindred sports. Some one pointed out the other day that if present measurements had been enforced in his early days Lord Roberts—who is a very small man—would have been debarred from entering the army.

IN THE SILVER STATES.

EVIDENCES OF SOME RADICAL SHIFTING OF VIEWS.

Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming and Utah Have Found There Is Something More Important to Them Than Mr Bryan's Free Coinage Scheme.

LEADVILLE, Col., May 1.

Colorado, Idaho, Wyoming and Utah went strong for Bryan, free silver and free trade, and now they are glad at heart because they didn't get it. How they rejoice now at their high priced wool and cattle! How glad they are now when they see their copper, lead and gold mines prosperous and the millions of employed workmen in the East eating their wheat and fruits.

"If Bryan had been elected," said a copper miner yesterday, "why, we 75,000,000 Americans would have been in a nice muddle. The United States would have had to take all the old silver of Tiffany and the jewelers at 150 per cent. over its value, and would have had handed back to them a coined dollar with U. S. on it, as good as gold, for forty cents worth of silver! The silver mine owners would have made 450 per cent. on their silver output and——"

"Yes," interrupted a sheep man, "we Yankees would have had to double the wealth of poor old Mexico and recoin the millions of old Spanish dollars in India, China and all Asia and Africa. Yes, more than double them. They are worth forty cents apiece now, and we would have had to recoin them and make them worth a dollar as good as gold."

"Of course it would have failed," said a Santa Fe banker, "and then the billions of dollars coined would have dropped down to forty cents like the Mexican. And what would we have had left? Why, Cleveland's and Bryan's ten-cent wool and busted wild cat money! What! 75,000,000 Americans doubling the wealth of 1,400,000,000 of the world!"

Because Bryan's crazy scheme was defeated California, Idaho and Wyoming, with their wheat, cattle, sheep and wool are prosperous. Prosperity has developed the copper mines of Montana and the gold, copper and lead mines of Colorado.

This is why the newspapers of Colorado and Utah are printing and the boys in Denver, Leadville and Salt Lake are singing:

Yes, sir, I worked for Bryan in the fall of ninety-six,
An' I yelled and hollered for sixteen to one,
But I kind o' think I'm gettin' mixed by politicians' tricks,
An' with Bryan an' his foolishness I'm done.

I whooped for flat money, an' argyed on the street,
Was a delegate to caucuses an' all,
Contributed my money to the party an' repeat—
But I'll vote for Bill McKinley in the fall.

I always was Republican until the silver craze
Took us Colorado people off our feet,
An' we listened to the orators that spoke in Bryan's praise
Till I thought he'd be a crackerjack to beat.

But I'm awful sick of playing into Democratic hands,
Of a party made of stomach ache and gall,
I'm goin' to cast my ballot—shall I tell you where she lands?
She's booked for Bill McKinley in the fall.

They told us that we'd only get a quarter for our wheat,
An' the factories that Grover left would close,
That the sage brush would grow up an' fill the middle of the street,
That blight would light on everything that grows.

Was it ignorance or lying that made 'em fool us so?
Search me! I'm sure I couldn't tell at all,
I'm not the only convert—there are others that I know
That'll vote for Bill McKinley in the fall
"Bill Perkins."

Same Old Parrot Cry.

The pet theory of the free traders that trusts are the offspring of protection is rather rudely jolted by Mr. Mahin, United States Consul at Reichenberg, Austria. In a report to the State Department he says that although Austria maintains no protective tariff there is a wholesale movement in that country toward the formation of trusts, and that these combinations have acquired positions of control in various branches of manufacturing industry, including the making of sugar, paper, hats, shoes, knit goods and gas plants. In spite of this striking condition in a free trade country, however, we shall no doubt continue to hear from the calamity howlers that "protection is the mother of trusts." For experience has shown that the average parrot of this particular species cannot change its cry any more than a leopard can change his spots.—New York Mail and Express.

A Grim Joke.

The Democrats grumble because times are too good and prices of products too high; they say they would have things different if they were intrusted with power. And there is no doubt in the world about it; they would change things in the twinkling of an eye, to ruin and devastation. There is no joke so good to them as the joke that was told in grim earnest after the Democrats elected Cleveland and everything went to smash; when starving workingmen applied for work to get something to eat, they were told to eat the roosters they had paraded on their hats.—Salt Lake City Tribune.

A Terrible Stew.

They Now Have the Dollars.

Thanks to McKinley prosperity, the followers of Bryan have no difficulty in putting up the dollar for the Democratic banquet, and thanks to Republican success in 1896, it is an honest dollar, too.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

WAGES AND RETAIL PRICES.

Facts Showing the Former Have Advanced More Than the Latter.

When the citizens of the United States cast their ballots at the ensuing election the present tariff law will have been in operation three years, three months and twelve days. The wage earners of the nation may be congratulated that the prices of many products of American labor have advanced somewhat since the soup house era of the last Democratic administration.

In the campaign of 1890, which immediately followed the enactment of the McKinley tariff, the Democrats hired tin peddlers to travel over the country and tell lies about the advanced prices of tinware, and Democratic merchants marked up their goods to mislead ignorant voters. But after a trial of more than three years of the present tariff law, the advance in prices has not been sufficient to afford the free foreign traders any substantial foundation for another campaign of falsehood such as was conducted by them in 1890.

Steady work, as against the idleness and short time of the Wilson tariff era, more than covers the advance in cost of all the necessaries of life, even if wages had not been advanced at all, so that the wage earners have as clear gain the increase of wages which they are now receiving.

As a result of a recent canvass of the leading department stores of the United States, it was ascertained by the Journal of Commerce that many establishments had not as yet secured any material advance in prices; that many more reported only "slight" advances on some lines and no advances whatever on others; about an equal number had secured material advances on certain lines; that about a dozen concerns had secured advances to correspond in part or in whole with advances in prices paid by them; that one concern reported an advance of ten per cent., another of fifteen per cent., and still another of ten to forty per cent.

The wage earners of the country are indebted to the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin for nailing in advance one of the Democratic campaign falsehoods, which has deceived so many honest voters in former Presidential campaigns. The truth of the matter is that while wages have greatly advanced, and while work is plenty and constant, retail prices have advanced but little.

Good Times For Farmers.

There is a pleasing contrast in the returns received by the farmers at the present time as compared with the period of two years preceding the election of President McKinley. The American Agriculturist presents figures to show the great improvement that has taken place, estimating that the produce of the United States farms for the past year was worth to the farmers over $1,600,000,000 more than in either of the depressed years noted, which is an average advance of thirty-one per cent. in values compared with the low point. The live stock of the country is said to be worth $700,000,000 more than during the hard times, the staple crops $100,000,000 more, other crops $200,000,000 more, and the produce of live stock such as meats, dairy products, hides and pelts, etc., $370,000,000 more.

This change for the better in the value of farm products has completely altered the condition of the agricultural classes. They have made money and have excellent prospects for the future, while their property has also appreciated in value. Now that they are enjoying a period of substantial prosperity, it would be an opportune time for them to give their active support to the good roads movement. The construction of good roads is bound to be a source of considerable profit to the farmers, as has been satisfactorily demonstrated by past experience. Good roads constitute one of the best investments for them that can be found, and they can well afford the extra tax that will be required for their construction.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

They Count on Calamity.

Eight years ago the Democratic party won the national campaign on the Homestead strike, ever since which time the managers and leaders hail every strike with a joy that holds a promise of victory. News comes from Washington to the effect that parties high in the councils of fusion are hoping for a strike, standing ready to do anything which will tend to foment labor troubles the coming summer. A series of big strikes would be hailed by Bryan and his Democratic orators as a godsend. They want an issue over which they can appeal to the passions of men laboring under misfortune. Republican prosperity is worrying the unwashed. What they want is something which will upset present conditions. With another year of increasing prosperity and the show for Democratic ascendency becomes mighty discouraging. The average Democratic boss just dotes on industrial war. Every strike which is followed by distress means votes for Bryan.—Davenport (Iowa) Republican.

"Fiddling Dave" of New Mexico.

Foraker's Ranch, Grant County, N. M., April 10.—"Fiddling Dave" stopped at the ranch last night on his way from Silver City to Gold Hill, where he is due to play for the cowboy dance next Thursday night. Don't ask who Fiddling Dave is unless you want to air your profound ignorance of the best-known personage in the territory of New Mexico, not barring Governor Otero. For a quarter of a century Fiddling Dave has furnished the music for cowpunchers' and miners' dances on every range and in every camp in this section of the country. The little schoolhouse on the Gila river has many a time resounded with the festive notes from his scarred instrument; the Red Onion saloon in Silver City has heard its dulcet tones; the miners at the Mongollon camp, ninety miles back in the mountains, have kicked their hobnailed shoes to its inspiring voice—indeed, from Phoenix to Deming and from Mule creek to Lordsburg Dave and his fiddle are household words and as welcome as a cocktail in the morning.—Correspondence Chicago Chronicle.

THE SUN IN ECLIPSE

Ideal Weather in the Path of the Moon's Shadow.

MANY OBSERVATIONS TAKEN

Hopes of Important Results From the Photographs—Work at Nearly Every Station Done Without a Hitch—Great Interest Shown in This and Other Countries—Planet Eros Rediscovered

ATLANTA, Ga. (Special).—In every section of the Southeastern States over which the belt of totality of the sun's eclipse extended the weather was ideal for the observation of this remarkable phenomenon.

In the southern portion of Alabama there was some haziness, but other than this the astronomers and scientists who located their observatories in North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Louisiana report that the weather could not have been more auspicious for the study of the sun's eclipse and for securing splendid photographs of it.

From the many stations of observation established by universities and scientific and private parties the reports indicate that the taking of scientific data was entirely successful, and no incidents occurred to mar in the smallest degree the full benefit that was expected to be derived from the event by the scientists, many of whom made long journeys to view the eclipse for eighty-five seconds.

Astronomers took many photographs during the period of totality. It is expected that these photographs will reveal much that never has been seen by the naked eye, aided by the telescope. New planets may be discovered. Remarkable falls in temperature were experienced while the sun was obscured. The corona, Venus, Mercury and Bailey's beads were plainly visible. The planet Eros, which disappeared behind the sun last September, reappeared. At Barnesville, Ga., Professor Eastman discovered a remarkable pink color in the corona. The latter was seen to extend for 3,500,000 miles in three directions of equal length, and another of half their dimensions.

Professor Lord, of the Ohio State University, believes he obtained results that tend to prove that the mysterious matter which forms the corona is to be found also in the solar prominences. From the standpoint of grandeur the spectacle was awe-inspiring. The movements of the heavenly bodies were rapid. Not over five seconds elapsed from the time of the first contact until the great shadow was seen sweeping over the earth from the southwest. Just as the moon covered the face of the sun Mercury came into prominence.

The path of totality began in the Pacific Ocean just west of Mexico. It passed eastward across Mexico, and entered the United States near New Orleans, proceeding in a northeasterly direction until it left the continent close to Norfolk, Va. Then it crossed the Atlantic, touched Portugal and afterward passed across Northern Africa, leaving the earth finally near the northern end of the Red Sea.

The eclipse was visible throughout North America, Europe and Africa, but was total only in some parts of Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia in the United States. It was unprecedented in more than one respect. Its path of totality, instead of extending through sparsely settled regions or running over scant expanse of water, crossed six States in a populous portion of the country, all of the region being easily accessible by rail and water.

It has been eleven years since a similar event was witnessed, but the advancement of astronomical science and the marvelous improvements in telescopes, photography, and electrical apparatus insured more complete observations than ever before known. The United States Government and all great educational institutions made elaborate and costly preparations to get the best possible observations, and millions of dollars were expended in this way.

While great interest attached to the eclipse itself, the object of the astronomers composing "eclipse expeditions" from all parts of the country was not alone to observe the passing of the moon before the sun, but the study of the corona. This particular branch of the phenomena generally attending an eclipse has perhaps attracted most attention, as the cause of the corona is not yet determined.

Magnificent as the spectacle was in part of the path that it traversed from New Orleans to Norfolk, the conditions for the observation in far-off Algiers were the most perfect ever vouchsafed astronomers within the memory of the oldest of them. England, France, Germany, Italy and Switzerland sent their most skillful professors in the study of the wonders of the heavens, and well were they repaid for the journey.

Generally speaking, the observations taken by the astronomers were confined to three separate lines of work—the old method of telescopic observations, the viewing of the eclipse with the naked eye, and the photographing of the phenomena of the eclipse.

President Sees the Eclipse.

FORT MONROE, Va. (Special).—The sun was totally eclipsed at 8.53 o'clock in a cloudless sky. Thousands of people crowded the piers, verandas, and ramparts to watch the marvelous phenomenon. The President and his party watched the phenomenon from the Dolphin near Lambert's Point, and Secretary Gage and party from the lighthouse tender Holly.

ASSASSINS FIRE INTO FARMHOUSE.

Four of a Family of Six Shot Down While Sitting Around a Table.

ANOKA, Minn. (Special).—William Wise, a farmer, was sitting at a table with his wife and four children in their home ten miles from here when some persons fired through the window with a shotgun and a Winchester rifle. William Wise, Jr., seven years old, fell dead. James Wise, eleven years old, was shot through the right lung and lost two fingers of his right hand. William Wise, thirty-eight years old, was shot in the right shoulder from behind, ten buckshot entering his body. He is paralyzed and will die. Mrs. Wise was shot in the back, the bullet emerging from her abdomen. She will die. Eliza and Martha, the daughters, escaped.

It was not known who did the shooting, but the suspicion of the authorities fell on two persons now under surveillance. In all ten or eleven shots were fired. The Wise family had recently moved here from Wisconsin, where they are said to have been involved in a feud. They also had some litigation here.

Many Filipinos Surrender.

The War Department at Washington has received a cablegram from General MacArthur, at Manila, saying that three officers, fifty-six men, with forty-six rifles surrendered unconditionally at Cuyapo. Three officers, forty-six men, with fifty-five rifles also surrendered unconditionally at Tarlac.

Robbers Secure $10,000.

The Peninsula Bank of Williamsburg, Va., was entered by robbers, who blew open the safe and secured $10,000 in money. There were six explosions. These awakened a number of the residents.

Boer-British War Notes.

The Transvaal National Bank has suspended gold payments.

General Rundle is slowly sweeping the eastern section of the Free State.

The foreign mercenaries in the Boer army have suffered heavily in recent engagements.

Six siege trains have been ordered to be prepared at Aldershot for transportation to South Africa.

The Transvaalers have offended the Free Staters by destroying the splendid bridge north of Kroonstad.

The Russian Ambulance Corps with the Boers has become disgusted and has asked the Czar to recall it.

SUFFER FROM DROUGHT.

Divine Help Asked For Farmers of the Northwest.

Vast Wheat Area in Minnesota and the Dakotas is Parched and Farmers Are Extremely Anxious.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. (Special).—Long-continued drought affecting agricultural interests in Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota threatens great losses to the farmers of those States. Throughout a vast wheat and flax area upon which no rain has fallen this spring the ground is parched, and the seed is making no progress toward sprouting. Farmers are becoming extremely anxious.

Newspapers all over this part of the country are beseeching the people to pray for rain. The St. Paul Globe a few days ago held forth at length on the efficacy of prayer, and insisted that the salvation of the crops depended on the earnestness with which residents in the threatened territory appealed to the Almighty for relief. The papers generally take this tone.

Prayers for rain were offered Sunday in churches in Minneapolis, St. Paul, Fargo, Grand Forks, and other cities and towns in the affected districts.

While services were in progress in Minneapolis churches in the evening there was heavy thunder, accompanied by lightning, and in many of the churches the services were turned into rejoicing, the congregations singing hymns of praise and listening to prayers of thankfulness. The rain amounted only to a light shower, and after church there was much disappointment. It is said that copious rains within a week would save the crops, and that if rain does not come within a week there will be no crops.

Fire Wardens are organizing companies in all towns in the timbered districts. The forests now are as dry as tinder, and fires once started in them probably would be disastrous.

20,000 HARVESTERS WANTED.

Kansas Appeals For Aid to Save Her Enormous Wheat Crop.

TOPEKA, Kan. (Special).—Kansas wants 20,000 men to help save her enormous wheat crop. State Grain Inspector McKenzie, who has just returned from the Kansas wheat belt, says the State will harvest 85,000,000 bushels, and that harvesting will begin in Southern Kansas by June 12. Inspector McKenzie and grain men say the greatest danger threatened is in the dearth of laboring men to harvest the great crop. Where the 20,000 extra men will come from the farmers do not know. It is said that about 2000 harvesters will come from Oklahoma, following the harvesting season north as it progresses.

WOMAN FOILS BURGLARS.

South Berwick Bank Owes $100,000 to Her Presence of Mind.

SOUTH BERWICK, Me. (Special).—Three bank burglars, armed and masked, forced the door of the South Berwick National Bank and blew open the safe, but were frightened away without getting any of the bank's property. The bank office was wrecked. The men fled in different directions, leaving no trace.

The men first ransacked a blacksmith shop, where they secured crowbars and other tools. The outer doors of the bank were forced with a crowbar and the men began working on the door of the safe. They apparently took some time in drilling, for it was nearly 1 o'clock when a terrific explosion occurred which shook the neighborhood. Mrs. Storer, who lives next door, was awakened by a flash which lighted her room, and, hearing the explosion, quickly guessed the source of it. Throwing up a window, she gave several loud blasts upon a policeman's whistle.

The shrill sound stopped the burglars' work. Mrs. Storer saw them rush from the bank and hurry away in different directions. When those whom the explosion and the whistle had summoned reached the bank office they found it a wreck. The heavy door of the safe had been blown nearly across the room, demolishing chairs, desks and other articles in its path. The inner door of the vault, however, was unharmed and more than $100,000 in cash behind it was safe.

BAD WEEK FOR FILIPINOS.

Forty-six Killed, 480 Taken Prisoners With 400 Rifles.

MANILA (By Cable).—Scouting, small engagements and the capture of arms and prisoners continue daily in Northern Luzon. The past week's operations by Ninth, Twelfth, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth and Thirty-sixth regiments resulted in the killing of forty-six of the enemy, the taking of 480 prisoners and the capture of 400 rifles and a quantity of ammunition.

Peace reigns and no trouble is expected in Manila, although the city is crowded with people from the provinces, who are leaving the unprotected hamlets in order to avoid the conscription which the insurgent leaders are enforcing, as well as robbery and outrages at the hands of roving insurgents and bar lits.

The investigation of the charges against Brigadier-General Frederick Funston of having executed summarily two natives of the Province of Zambales has resulted in a discontinuance of the proceedings. It developed the fact that General Funston caught the natives in the very act of murdering bound Macabebe scouts, his action, in view of these circumstance, being regarded as justifiable.

SYNDICATE BUYS A TOWN.

Frugality, Penn., Its Buildings, Coke and Coal Interests.

PHILADELPHIA (Special).—A million-dollar deal has just been consummated in this city whereby the entire town of Frugality, Cambria County, Penn., with all its coal and coke interests, passes into the hands of a company of capitalists. The purchase was made from Supreme Court Justice Dean. The new company will be known as the Gresson and Clearfield Coal and Coke Company.

Included in the deal are 10,000 acres of coal lands and extensive mining operations in the town of Frugality. The purchase includes 150 houses, a large department store, two churches, three schools, a large hotel, and a town hall. This is the first case in Central Pennsylvania where a whole town, including churches and schools, changed ownership in a day.

General Roberts Invades the Transvaal.

General Roberts, with 50,000 men and 150 guns, has entered the Transvaal. The crossing of the Vaal River was accomplished at three places with practically no casualties. The situation of the Boers is critical and President Kruger is said to have referred the question of further war or surrender to a vote of the Burghers.

More Plague in Manila.

The Government corral at Manila has been quarantined. There are four suspected cases of bubonic plague among the teamsters, who are living in filthy dwellings, which will be burned.

Notes From the Diamond.

Cheshro, of Pittsburg, declines to pitch on Sundays.

Nearly all the Cincinnati players wear ankle braces.

Hartman is playing in fine form on Comiskey's Chicago team.

Beckley, of Cincinnati, is leading the National League in batting.

'Tis whispered that Nichols, Boston's great pitcher, is out of it for good.

Bradley, the youngster, seems to be a fixture at third base for the Chicagos.

Barrett, the young Cincinnati outfielder, is said to be the speediest in the League.

On their showing so far the New Yorks are no stronger relatively than they were last year.

CHICAGO HAS REAL WAR.

500 Policemen Check a Waterfront Seizure On Lake Michigan.

ARMY OF INVASION CAPTURED.

Captain George Streeter and His Force Take Possession of Land, Throw Up Breastworks and Do Some Shooting—Horse Killed and Boy Wounded—Surrender When Force Was Used.

CHICAGO (Special).—Five hundred police armed with rifles and acting as deputy sheriffs invaded the "Territory of Lake Michigan," capturing President George Streeter and his entire force, including all the members of his cabinet, the commander-in-chief of the army and the rank and file of the latter organization. In all twenty-nine men were gathered in and placed in cells in the Chicago Avenue Police Station.

When dwellers along the Lake Shore drive awoke in the morning they saw a schooner at anchor just off shore while close to the eastern edge of the drive, which formerly marked the shore, trenches had been thrown up and armed and uniformed sentries were pacing beats. Captain George Streeter's army of invasion had come in the night by way of the lake and had again taken possession of "Territory of Lake Michigan," from which the Captain and another army had been driven by United States Marshall Ames and a force of deputies several months ago.

The men were armed, provisioned for a month's siege and the determined front of the garrison indicated that this was no mere sortie, but a military movement carefully planned and executed. The city authorities were notified as soon as possible, and Acting Mayor Walker and Chief of Police Kipley decided after consultation that the city authorities had no right to interfere. The Lincoln Park Board was hurriedly called into session and decided that it had no jurisdiction.

Meantime Captain Baer of the Police Department rode over to the boundary line to see if "President" Streeter could be persuaded to leave his "territory." The captain attempted to cross the line from the United States to the "Territory of Lake Michigan," when he was ordered to halt by William Niles, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, who was in command of Streeter's army. The captain didn't halt, and General Judge Niles picked up a rifle and took a shot at him. At the first shot the captain halted, turned his horse and started for the United States and safety at full speed.

The rifle was a repeater and General Judge Niles worked the lever with rapidity. At the second shot Captain Baer's horse fell dead. A third shot tore the lapel from the coat of Detective Hiatt, who had accompanied Captain Baer. A fourth shot struck fourteen-year-old Reuben Manly, one of the crowd attracted by Streeter's military demonstration, in the leg, maiming him for life. Niles continued firing till his rifle was empty and the streets clear, but no other casualties resulted.

A riot call took a patrol load of officers to the Lake Shore, but the policemen returned without accomplishing anything, as Streeter's men had lined up and were in their rifle pits awaiting attack. The reserves were then called in from every station in the city. Rifles and ammunition were secured from the city armory and served to the men, who were being formed into companies and battalions. They had preliminary drills as fast as they reported for duty.

At 5 o'clock Sheriff Magerstadt, who had been in consultation with his attorney and the United States Marshal since the attack upon Captain Baer, decided that the peace and dignity of the county had been outraged and swearing in the 500 police as deputies started for the Lake Shore. Fifty men were put on board of a tug and sent out to attack Streeter's army from the rear, while the remaining 450 men were to march upon the intrenched enemy from three different directions.

There was much excitement in the north side, while all these warlike preparations were going on. General Niles, who did all the

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
SPENCER B. ADAMS,
of Guilford.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CLAUDIUS DOCKERY,
of Richmond.

For Secretary of State,
J. L. PARROTT,
of Lenoir.

For State Treasurer,
L. L. JENKINS,
of Gaston.

For State Auditor,
T. S. ROLLINS,
of Madison.

For State Supt. of Public Instruction,
N. C. ENGLISH,
of Randolph.

For Attorney General,
ZEB VANCE WALSER,
of Davidson.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
DR. ABNER ALEXANDER,
of Tyrrell.

For Commissioner Labor and Printing,
T. W. MALLOY,
of Rockingham.

For Corporation Commissions,
C. A. REYNOLDS,
of Forsyth
J. A. FRANK,
of Swain.

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Schedule in effect Dec. 1st, 1899.

TRAIN SERVICE.

NORTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz City daily (except Sunday) 2:45, p. m.
Arrival Norfolk " " " 4:25, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday 9:30, a. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " 11:00, a. m.

SOUTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday) 11:40, a. m.
Arrive at Edenton " " 12:40, p. m.
Arrive Belhaven " " 4:45, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday 6:00, p. m.
Arrive Edenton " " 7:00, p. m.

Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.

STEAMBOATS.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday 1:00 p. m., for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 1:00, p. m., for Chowan River Landings and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6:00, p. m., connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad and the W. & W. Railroad for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. For Scuppernong River Monday and Wednesday 12:00, noon. For Coinjock and North River Landings Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 3:00, p. m. For South Mills and Landing on the Dismal Swamp route Monday, Wednesday and Friday 6:00, a. m. Steamers leave Belhaven daily (except Sunday) for Washington, N. C.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Ag't.

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The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

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PALEMON JOHN Editor.
ROBERT P. JENKINS, Associate Editor.

THE UNIVERSITY'S NEW PRESIDENT.

The Trustees of the State University at their recent meeting selected a President as successor to Dr. Alderman late resigned. The choice fell upon the present incumbent of the chair of chemistry, Dr. Francis Preston Venable. Dr. Venerable is well known to the University's sons throughout the country as a man of force, energy and conservatism, and his long period of service in the Faculty has given him opportunity of studying the life of the institution in all its phases. While the Doctor does not pose as a litterateur, he is a man of great ability, is no day dreamer, and will doubtless carry on most effectively the developing work which has so markedly characterized the growth of the University during the last few years. We hope and trust that his Presidential service may prove a successful and happy one, both for himself and the State at large.

COMMERCIAL DISCRIMINATION

According to the estimates of our packers the recent German meat bill which has passed the Reichstag means a great decrease in the demand for their product in the German market and a heavy loss to the workmen who are employed in preparing the meats for export. There is a possibility that the bill may be defeated in the Bundesrath, the upper branch of the German Parliament, but it is a very remote one. The bill barrs canned meats, sausages or sausage meats, of which about 60,000,000 pounds were imported from this country last year.

There was quite a spirited fight over this piece of legislation. The Emperor and the delegates from the cities are opposed to the measure, but the representatives of the farmers were too numerous.

The metropolitan class there recognizes not only the toothsomeness of American meat but also that it is commercially unwise to attempt to discriminate against America or the American market.

We are rapidly becoming the money changers of the earth. Recently a syndicate of bankers in New York loaned France $15,000,000. The money was needed to carry forward the exposition enterprise. The bankers of Paris tried in vain in the money centers of Europe; they then turned to the United States, and here they were able to obtain the money at low rates. Thus it appears that the United States has become the lender of money to Europe changing the relation that we have held from that of borrower to lender.

Uncle Sam is going up a few points in the world's financial school.

It appears that the Boers if—as the future forecasts—they are defeated, are not to be desolately islanded on St. Helenas after all, but are to find no more undesirable domiciles than the sunny valley of the Platte in Colorado. The button has been pressed and American ingenuity is to do the rest. It is an installment land purchasing plan. Over a million acres and shekels to oil the wheels are represented by the Union Pacific Land Company, the promoters of the scheme.

The tenth annual re-union of the United Confederate Veterans, recently held at Louisville, was in every respect a success. The words of Gen. John B. Gordon, one of the most eloquent orators that ever wore the gray, were especially felicitous. We are glad to note that on several resolutions, warmly discussed, the will of the majory as usual made for conservatism.

Aguinaldo, our Philippine Mercury, in his marvelous "cross-country sprint" is a wonder. The track team from our future University of Manila will doubtless give college athletes of the next generation some lessons in fleetness, even though they may not excel in "putting the shot."

Pretoria has fallen. Bobs is the boy for the English. It looks as if it will certainly be Duke Bobs ere long.

Charity.

Every good act is charity. Giving water to the thirsty is charity; removing stones and thorns from the road is charity; exhorting your fellow men to virtuous deeds is charity; smiling in your brother's face is charity; putting a wanderer in the right path is charity. A man's true wealth is the good he does in this world. When he dies, mortals will ask, "What property has he left behind him?" But angels will inquire, "What good deeds hast thou sent before thee?"—Mohammed.

Lucky Hesitation.

"I never was glad for this impediment in my speech but once," said the man from Dearborn, who was in to see the town.

"When was that?"

"Fe-fe-fellow asked me h-h-how much I would take for a-a horse, and while I-I-I was t-trying to tell him s-sixty dollars, he offered me a hundred."—Woman's Journal.

Political Department.

[This Department will be devoted to Local, State and National politics during the campaign by the EDITOR.]

What the Democratic party needs is an accession of conscience and a strategy board.

We indulge in no abuse. Vituperation isn't argument. We make no appeals to arouse prejudice or passion.

The Legislature re-convenes on the 12th inst. It is the only Legislature that ever had to go back and do its work over.

The time has gone by when office-seeking politicians and their henchman can scare the good people of the State by going about howling "nigger!"

The kindly reference to us by the editor of the Pamlico Enterprise is appreciated. We reciprocate. He concedes to us what we cheerfully concede to him. We differ politically, but that doesn't disturb our personal respect and friendship.

The losses to the agricultural interests of the United States growing out the free trade tariff experiment of 1894-1897 were tremendous and amounted up to millions. Since the operation of the present Republican tariff bill the tide has turned the other way, benefiting the farmers of the country, and they are realizing it.

Protection and sound money have filled the South with factories, and most of the States are enjoying an era of prosperity they never dreamed of. This prosperity has been forced upon them, against their opposition at the ballot box. We have often heard of people being forced to eat crow, but compulsory turky is a new thing.

THE CUBAN SCANDAL.

The attempt to make political capital out of the Cuban postal frauds will fail. That there are cases of gross dishonesty is true, but to say that these few cases taints the entire administration is absurd. Among the hundreds of thousands of government officials who constitute an administration it is to be expected that some will be unfaithful and dishonest. It always has been so, and always will be. It was so during the Democratic administration. In 1886, during Cleveland's first administration, his Postmaster General stated that 660 persons were arrested for violations of postal laws; in 1887 he gave the number as 673; in 1888 the number was 212. In 1893, in the first year of Cleveland's second administration the number was 1,181; in 1894 the number reached 2008; in 1895, 2240, and in 1897 the number was 2,074.

It is evident, therefore, that postal frauds are not confined to Republican Administrations; but he would be a fool who should claim because of them Cleveland's administration was corrupt.

As soon as these frands in Cuba was discovered measures were at once taken to probe them to the bottom and the guilty parties will be adequately dealt with.

THE LAWYERS.

The Chairman of the Democratic State committee, after much labor, has obtained a long list of North Carolina lawyers to "give it as their opinion that the proposed difranchising amendment is not in conflict either with the State or Federal Constitution." Among the list we see the names of Thos. J. Jarvis, T. M. Argo, H. C. Jones and other who not very long ago signed a resolution declaring:

"The colored man now enjoys the same political and civil rights as the white man. We accept his status as fixed by the constitution of this State and the United States in good faith. We regard it as a final settlement of the question."

It occurs to us that these gentlemen do not appear in a very dignified or becoming light now. But then it is remembered that the most of them are politicians and their "opinion" thus expressed should have no more weight than that of other equally able State lawyers who declare that the grandfather clause is unconstitutional and if ratified would be declared void, leaving the remainder of the measure a law, thus disfranchising all illiterate citizens, be they white or be they black. And they are backed by the greatest lawyers of the country—Democrats, Republicans and Populists—among them Ex-Senator Geo. F. Edmunds, Senators Allen, McLaurin, Turley, Caffery, Pettigrew, Davis, Lindsey, Vest and Ex Governor MacCorple.

Now we ask: Would any sensible man buy a piece of property, the title of which was of questionable validity? If a number of lawyers said that the title was valid and a number of others said that it was not, the man would be a fool to pay his money for it, especially if he knew the matter would be arbitrated in the courts.

So with this constitutional amendment. Every man who votes upon it must recognize the fact that eminent lawyers, with reputations to sustain, have pronounced the 5th section invalid and the remainder valid. Is further comment needed?

Young Men Take a Hand.

There has not been a time in the history of this State more full of promise, of hope and of interest for the young men than the present. This is fully recognized by the intelligent and energetic young men. The era of prosperity and progress enlists their interest, not only in their own individual concerns but in the larger realm of public affairs. At the Republican State Convention, held recently in Raleigh, a most notable feature was the presence of large numbers of young men, and their active participation in the work of the convention. They came from every section of the State, and as a body these young men were fit representatives of the best intelligence of the State. Among them were lawyers, ministers of the gospel, physicians, teachers, editors, merchants, manufacturers and farmers. The rough and rowdy were not included in their numbers. And there is every incentive for the young men to join in the campaign conducted by the Republican party in this State this year. The issues are inspiring, clean cut, unquestionable. Briefly, they are honesty and fairness and opposed to dishonesty and injustice in politics as applied to the government of the State. Progress, good faith, political integrity, courage and manhood are embodied in the policies to which the Republican party has declared its allegiance. The issues transcend party politics.—Asheville Gazette.

WHAT WOULD JEFFERSON DO?

Would Jefferson, the great apostle of Liberty, wear a red shirt and resort to violence, intimidation; coercion and murder to carry an election against the will of the people, if he was living in North Carolina today?

Would Jefferson, who wrote that "all men are created free and equal" and entitled to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," resort to threats and violent methods to suppress and strangle freedom of speech and freedom of action?

Would Jefferson endorse the anarchistic methods of the Simmons machine to thwart and over-ride the will of the people?

Would Jefferson endorse ballot-box stuffing, fraud and corruption such as characterize the Simmons machine in North Carolina today?

Would the great author of the Declaration of Independence and human Liberty, support the Simmonites in their efforts to establish a political despotism in North Carolina bottomed on fraud, force and corruption?

Would Jefferson, who loved justice, liberty and equality before the law, support a political sanction or machine that seeks to obtain power against the "consent of the governed?"

The Country Democrat.

After the amendment becomes a law, if such should unfortunately be the case, where will our Democratic friends in the rural districts be found as respects their party councils or management? We are no prophet, yet we venture to predict that if this amendment is passed and a condition of affairs obtains here like unto those that exist in Mississippi and Louisana that they will, to use a slang expression, "simply not be in it." The ring will rule the primaries, the ring will name the ticket and the ring will be in the ticket, and our country friend will be left out in the cold with as little or less consideration than those who are of a different political persuasion.—Hickory Press.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., June 1, 1900.

An object lesson showing the real attitude of the Republican and Democratic parties towards trusts is now being given in the House. The Republicans are solidly supporting the resolution reported from the Judiciary Committee, which they will pass, providing for an amendment to the Constitution giving Congress authority to control the trusts of the country, while the Democrats, with the exception of a few who are defying the mandate of the Democratic caucus, are opposing the resolution. The Democrats are fond of hurling denunciations at the trusts from the stump, but when given an opportunity to do something practical towards curbing the power of trusts they decline to accept it. The Democratic party is today what it has always been, simply an opposition party. It can howl to beat forty brass bands against any and everything, but when anything has to be done for the betterment of the country the people have to look to the Republican party to do it, and they never look in vain.

It isn't safe to monkey with an order of court. This week Justice Barnard of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia fined E. G. Siggers $100. and costs and administered a stinging rebuke for his failure to obey an order of the court directing him not to represent himself in any way as successor to or connected with the patent law firm of C. A. Snow & Co., of Washington.

The dairy interests won their long fight before the House committee on on Agriculture, which by a vote of 10 to 7 decided to favorably report the Grout bill, which puts an almost prohibitive tax on oleomargarine and other imitations of butter. The fight is now being waged on whether the bill shall be voted upon before the adjournment.

Senator Platt, chairman of the committee on Relations with Cuba, which will make the investigation of all Cuban receipts and expenditures, under the Baker resolution recently adopted by the Senate, said: "The committee will go to work at once and probe the matter to the bottom. We shall receive at once a definite statement of all receipts and expenditures in connection with the administration of affairs in Cuba. With these accounts before the committee we can take up each item separately and examine into it, investigating all the circumstances in connection with it. The committee has ample jurisdiction to call for persons and papers and the inquiry will be thorough and complete."

On account of its being more accessible to the districts in which the hardest fights will be waged the headquarters of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee will be removed to Chicago for the coming campaign. A branch will be maintained at Washington, which will have charge of all the work in eastern districts.

W. C. T. U. Annual Convention.

The eighteenth annual convention of the North Carolina Woman's Christian Temperance Union is called to meet in the city of Asheville, June 14-18, inclusive.

In the beginning of our national life as a society twenty-six years ago, the brave women who led the crusade bands systematized a work against the legalized saloon that has not only found favor in every State of the Union, but is an organized force in every civilized country in the world.

The basis of representation in the State convention is one delegate from each local union and one for every twenty members thereof. Presidents of local unions and state members are ex-officio members of the annual meeting. Every union should send its full quota this year.

Asheville with its picturesque setting amid the "Steps of America" is the most inviting city to our eastern constituency and the pride of the western. In opening her doors she has honored our organization and a full convention alone can reflect our appreciation of her kindness.

The program in course of preparation promises to be one of special interest. Reduced railroad rates will be secured, though summer rates will be as cheap perhaps and give passengers more time. All friends of the temperance cause are invited to attend the convention and aid us in our efforts to so educate public sentiment against the liquor traffic as to speedily banish every saloon from the state.

Mary E. Cartland, Pres., C. E. Craven, Cor. Sec., Mary M. Davis Rec Sec.

"Sweet Bells Jangled Out of Tune and Harsh."

Shakespeare's description fits thousands of women. They are cross, despondent, sickly, nervous—a burden to themselves and their families. Their sweet dispositions are gone, and they, like the bells, seem sadly out of tune. But there is a remedy. They can use

McELREE'S
Wine of Cardui

It brings health to the womanly organism, and health there means well poised nerves, calmness, strength. It restores womanly vigor and power. It tones up the nerves which suffering and disease have shattered. It is the most perfect remedy ever devised to restore weak women to perfect health, and to make them attractive and happy. Sold at all druggists.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, a "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

REV. J. W. SMITH, Camden, S. C., says:—"My wife used Wine of Cardui at home for falling of the womb and it entirely cured her."

A Mile a Minute Down the Alps.

The spot in the Swiss Alps that attracts the winter sportsmen of Europe is the Cresta run, at St. Moritz, which is just one mile in length. The tobogganing season here begins about the middle of November, when the first snow falls. The condition of the run is not left to chance, but the slide is prepared under the direction of a committee. Swiss toboggans in contrast to the Canadian ones, made entirely of wood, are raised on runners shod with iron or steel. The expert rider lies prone upon the toboggan, head foremost, both hands grasping the framework at the sides and both feet employed in steering. Iron spikes are secured to the toes of the boots, and by trailing one or the other foot along the ground the big sled may be guided. But as this fashion of steering tends to diminish the speed the most skilled riders use the feet as little as possible and depend upon shifting the position. Though the Cresta run is a mile in length, the whole distance may be covered in 70 seconds. At the steepest point a mile a minute is made.

The Dangerous End.

An Ass once enveloped Himself in a Lion's Skin, hoping that he would thereby Escape Annoyance from the Rest of the Brute Creation.

But seeing a Tiger approaching, and fearing his inability to look as fierce as his Assumed Character required, he at once turned his back toward the Tiger and remained Motionless.

"Ah!" said the Tiger to himself, "for once mine ancient Enemy, the Lion, has relaxed his usual Vigilance. I'll steal upon him from Behind, and there'll be a Funeral in the morning."

But his Vicious Spring was met by the Heels of the Ass, and lo! the Tiger had Predicted his own Funerak

Moral.—It's usually Policy to Attack the Enemy in the Rear; but there are Exceptions to every Rule. Always remember, in dealing with an Ass (human or otherwise), that the end containing his Brains is less Dangerous than the one furnished with Heels.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Finding a Mine.

Two cowboys and several sticks of dynamite very suddenly and unexpectedly discovered the Hualipi mines near Kingman, A. T. The cowboys were on their way across the territory, and they had with them several sticks of dynamite, to be used when they reached the Colorado river. One day they camped some seven miles north of where Kingman now is. They left the dynamite among some bowlders at a distance from the camp for safe keeping. The day was unusually hot, and in some unaccountable way the dynamite went off. The cowboys hurried to the place of explosion, and even their inexperienced eyes saw that the dynamite had blown a gold mine into their pockets. As high as $25,000 a month has been taken out of this mine.—Philadelphia Times.

No industry except that of cloth manufacture has contributed so much to the comfort and advancement of man as that of glassmaking, which is one of the oldest of technical industries. Its earliest home was Egypt.

The famous gardens of Versailles have cost £8,000,000.

House Keepers

Don't you know the news about oil stoves? They have been perfected so that they now equal any stoves made for cooking efficiency, safety, beauty and convenience. The most economical stove you can use and the most comfortable in hot weather is the

Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove

It burns the same oil you use in your lamps, at a cost of one-half cent an hour for a burner. Makes no soot and no odor. Sold in all sizes. If your dealer *does not* have them write to

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

No Wild and Woolly West.

Easterners have an erroneous impression about the vast plains country that stretches eastward from the flanks of the Rockies to the wheatfields of the Dakotas. It is a region where crimes are far less numerous in proportion to population than they are in the densely settled regions of the eastern and middle states.

If the sombrereed ruffians with pistols and knives in their boots and cartridge belts around their waists are not in the cattle country, where, then, are they to be found? Where are those Alkali Ikes, Lariat Bills, et al., who fire at the decanters in barrooms and at the silk hats of tenderfoot strangers—the villainous desperadoes whose lynching bees and other harrowing anecdotes make up considerable of the stock in trade of our eastern comic illustrators? I do not know.

For many years I have wandered through the great northwest on horseback, stagecoach and in canoes, as well as in the palatial Pullman sleeper of the great transcontinental lines, and I have never discovered any of the fierce, bewhiskered dime novel heroes. During all my travels in the Dakotas, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia I have never seen a man hurt or witnessed any sort of row, and I would feel much safer to strike across the mountains or plains alone on a broncho and unarmed than I would to walk up Clark street at night in Chicago—St. Paul Globe.

Infant Baptisms In Russia.

"I was fortunate enough," writes Trumbull White, "to visit the Church of St. David, in Tiflis, Russia, just in time to attend a baptismal ceremony. According to the rites of the Greek church, as practiced in this ancient Georgian temple, the youngster in question, a fine boy 4 or 5 weeks old, had to be immersed three times in a baptismal font filled with water, each time to be completely covered, in addition to various blessings and anointings with holy oil and several long prayers.

"The benevolent looking old priest proved himself a man of kindly thoughtfulness. While the family group around the baby was getting him properly unclad, for the ceremony requires that the child shall be naked, the priest surreptitiously dipped his finger into the font, and I saw by his face that it was too cold. Then he stepped behind a screen, where his samovar was steaming, emptied the hot water into a pitcher, and while the family still kept busy over the baby he poured enough to temper the pool that had been provided for the shorn lamb. The result was that the little fellow took his plunges without a murmur and thereby distinguished himself."—Chicago Record.

"Paradise Filed Down."

A tourist tells how he traveled with a young couple evidently on their honeymoon, and the passengers in that particular carriage were on the grin most of the time over their antics.

The bride had got the man she loved, and she didn't care who saw her put her head on his shoulder. The bridegroom had got a farm with his wife, and if he wanted to feed her on sweets or squeeze her hand whose business was it?

A little old man sat directly opposite the couple, and he looked at them so often that the young husband finally explained:

"We've just got married."

"I knowed it all the time," chuckled the other.

"And we can't help it, you know."

"No, you can't. I'll be blowed if you can!"

"I presume it all seems very silly to an old man like you," continued the husband.

"Does it? Does it?" cackled the old fellow. "Well, I can tell you it does not, then. I've been there three times over, and now I'm on my way to marry a fourth. Silly! Why, children, it's paradise b'iled down!"—London Fun.

Old London Sundays.

We have got it into our heads that Sunday was better observed in the puritanical acceptance of the word three or four generations back than it is now. It was quite otherwise. All the great ladies when Queen Victoria came to the throne—the Duchess of Wellington, the Duchess of Rutland, the Marchioness of Salisbury, the Lady Hyde Parker, the Misses Walpole—had regular card parties on a Sunday, and there were concerts and receptions all over the town announced with becoming regularity in The Morning Post.—Saturday Review.

How to Get a Genial Dog.

A vagrant dog, particularly a cur with seven or eight different strains of common dog in him, is the best kind of a dog to own. He is always smiling and wagging his tail at you, and his appreciation of little favors is only equaled by his appetite. A fancy dog with a blue ribbon around his neck is always looking for an opportunity to snap at children. If we kept a dog, we would keep a yellow one, purchased as a pup from a negro boy.—Atchison Globe.

A Coffee Hint.

A French housekeeper says that in her country it is an invariable rule to add a little butter and powdered sugar to coffee beans while they are roasting. A very small piece of butter is needed to the pound, a bit perhaps as large as a hazelnut, and not more than a teaspoonful of powdered sugar. This treatment is the secret of the pleasant burned sugar flavor in French coffee.

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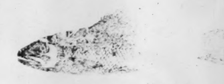

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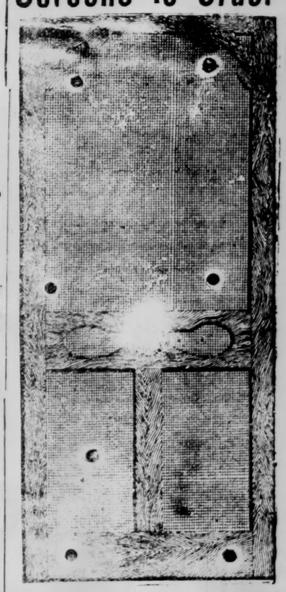

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Signed, J. L. SAWYER
THOS. C. JONES.

In retiring from the firm of Sawyer & Jones I beg leave to recommend the new firm the patronage of our friends and patrons and ask their continuance of same.

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Elizabeth City, January 20, 1900.

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Collector of Customs—Palemon Joh.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W W Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist: R. C. Beaman pastor; Baptist, W. S. Penick, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, Rector; Presbyterian, ——, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal on Pearl street: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. W. S. Pitch, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in Court House, every Sunday morning and night.

COLORED—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor Corner Stone; Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch M W B; Norman, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Heritage Rector; St. Stephen, W. Arterbridge pastor; Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Dr. J. B. Grigg, W. M., Dr. A. L Tendrich, S. W.; W. C. Grover, J. W.; C. S. Garland, S. D.; W. M. Mann J. D.; B. F. Spencer, Treas.; J. A. Hooper Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; Louis Selig and C. H. Gray, Stewards; L. C. Oakley, Tiler. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Actoree Lodge No. 14; W. H. Zoeller, N. G., D. H. Simons, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Recording Secretary, W. W. Morriselt, Financial Secretary; G W Twiddy, Treasurer

Talula Encampment No. 8; E. E. F. Sawyer C P; N Garrett, S W; J. L. Simpson, S. W.; T. F. Whitcomb, J. W.; H O Hill Scribe; G. W. Twiddy Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Deer Creek Council No. 1209 H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary F. M. Coos, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor, S. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; L. B. Wilson, Financial Reporter; W. J. Ralton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 3d Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; J. H. Beals, Sachem; W. S. West, S. S.; Sagamore; A. C. Garr, Jr. Sagamore; C. C. Lane, Prophet; C. W. Bogue, Keeper of R. R. White, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister; Standard Keeper, W. P. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor S L Sheep; Board of Education, John D. Forbes, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

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Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, L. N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

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The North Carolinian.

Thursday, June 7, 1900.

A Lazy Philosopher.

I recon I'm kin to the lillies—I toil not, an' never spin;
I only answe to roll-call when the winds from the west blow in
Over the dew-drenchied medders—over the song sweet rills,
An' the sun, with a glad 'Good Mornin',' reads the dreams o' the drowsy hills.

what do I want to toil for, when the golden bee contrives
To feed a fellow on honey stored in drippin' hives;
When I see the color creeping' to the peach's rosy room
An' the red-rine apples are falling 'an deutin' the wet sweet-groun'?

Never was made for a worker; how kin I stack the hay
Or follow the furrow when all the birds are singin' my soul away?
Singin' my soul away to the medder grasses sweet,
With the green of the boughs above me and the violets at my feet.

Recon I'm kin to the lillies—that's what the workers say;
Brother-in-law to the medder dressed for the marriage with May;
But I allus answer to roll-call—though I toil not an never spin,
The roll-cal' o' the roses when the winds from the west blow in!

—Cosmopolitan Magazine.

THROUGHOUT OUR PAGES

A great truth quickly told: Clothing for Men, Youths and Children. Latest novelties at Moses Weisel's.

From the Piedmont section comes the wail of the apple-grower. The crop there promises to be a failure this year. The result of a kind of blight.

Honest values stitched with truthful words. The Hu-manic Shoe for men is one of the best that is made. They fit and wear without hurting your foot; $4 at Moses Weisel's.

We note Carolina's loss of another leading climator. Dr. Shearer of Davidson College has placed a rather unexpected resignation in the hands of the trustees. Dr. H. L. Smith, well-known in western scholastic circles, was appointed his successor.

Industrial development still continues The cotton mills are multiplying. Our attention is called to the recent enlargement of the cotton mills at Caraleigh, N. C., and we also note the incorporation of the Greenville cotton mills with a capital stock of $250,000. Carolina is working out her own commercial justification.

Never before have we been able to offer so large and varied an assortment of fresh and pleasing styles. We have the stock that meets the expectation and gratifies the tastes. You want the best. This is your chance. We are able to sell cheap and we do. You can find Shoes, Hats, Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods in all of the latest styles to be had at M. Weisel's, Water street.

It is now variously stated that the proposed unveiling of the Vance statue at Raleigh will be delayed until about the middle of July. The delay is due to uncertainty as to whether the statue will be completed at the earlier time scheduled and also to the desire of various prominent Democratic politicians, who during the first week in July desire to disport themselves at the National Convention.

The recent decision of the Supreme Court in the case of the Board of Education vs. the Town of Henderson is one of wide-spread interest. The dictum of that cause is to the effect that all fines collected by towns and cities upon prosecutions for violation of criminal laws of the State must go into the common school fund and not into the treasury of the town or city. This means a startling revolution in the financial management of a number of our municipalities. Many, also, will find themselves in the unenviable position of having to pay back money, representing fines already thus appropriated.

To the speaker of sweet bother ations and haunters of porches we give the following receipe for kissing. The same is clipped from Truth. Be it distinctly understood, however, that we do not warrant the efficacy of the same nor do we assume any responsibility for results to the experimenter: "To one piece of dark piazza add a little moonlight. Take for granted two persons. Press, in two strong ones, one small, soft hand. Sift lightly two ounces of attraction, one of romance; add a large measure of folly; stir in a floating ruffle and one or two whispers. Dissolve a half dozen glances in well of silence; dust in a small quantity of hesitation, one ounce of resistance, two of yielding; place the kisses on a flushed cheek or two lips; flavor with a slight scream and set aside to cool. This will succeed in any climate, if directions are carefully followed."

The Hertford Manufacturing Co., after a brief existence of about five months, has dissolved. The dissolution means about a fifteen per cent. loss to the stockholders.

Mrs. Captain Samuel Waters departed this life on the 1st inst., aged 82 years. She was an estimable lady and was highly esteemed by all who knew her. We deeply sympathize with the bereaved.

A recent bill passed by Congress provides for the establishing of terms of the United States Circuit Court at Newbern and Elizabeth City. One was also passed providing for the holding of terms of the United States District Court of the western district of North Carolina on the second Mondays of July and January at Winston.

At the meeting of the Magistrates on Monday, T. B. Wilson was elected chairman. The following were elected County Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott of Elizabeth City, W. J. F. Spencer of Newland, S. N. Morgan of Providence, G. D. Sherlock of Nixonton, and T. E. Palmer of Salem. The tax levy was made 75c on the $100. Schedule B and C same as the State taxes.

A final determination *in re* the much debated question as to the sight for the proposed Federal Building to be erected in our city has at last been reached. The Lamb lot on the northwest corner of Mathews and Elliot streets has been selected Consideration $4,000. Work on the building will not be commenced until Fall, however, though we could learn of no good cause for requiring such a further period of patience.

From Granville county comes a tale of an attempt at most fiendish murder. A certain Mr John Bullock, the previous financial victim of an incendiary, having removed after the destruction of his home to the house of his wife's parents, was there temporarily lodging in a carriage house. The other evening he again awoke to the cry of fire to find doors and windows barred and the roof, saturated with kerosene, a mass of flames. It was only by extreme efforts and a final leap from a small attic window, which he succeeded in forcing open, that his life was saved. We should advise Mr. Bullock to go on a still hunt for his enemy or hereafter sleep with one eye wakeful at least.

The Commencement Exercises of the Colored State Normal School last week were interesting and creditable to both teachers and students. The term just closed was the most successful in the history of the school. The Annual Address and Address to the graduates was delivered by Rev. R. C. Beaman, pastor of the white Methodist Church, and the prizes were delivered by J Bush Leigh, Esq. Under the efficient management of the Principal, Prof. P. W. Moore, this Institution now takes first rank in the State. He has done and is doing a great work for his race. Unassuming, cultured, refined in manners, earnest and thoroughly equipped as an educator, he has won the respect of our entire community.

Our genial assistant inspector for these waters, Lieutenant Crisp, was instrumental in furnishing some of the socially inclined of our city with a very pleasant evening on Saturday, the 2d. His boat was placed at the disposal of one of our young ladies and through her efforts quite a merry little party was gathered together. The evening was an ideal one, the weather delightful and the breeze strong and steady. A most pleasurable little sail was enjoyed. Those participating were: Misses Wood, Martin, Pailin, Baxter, Albertson, Misses Mae and Kate Engle; Mrs Baxter, Mrs. S. S. Lamb, Mrs. M. R. Griffin; Messrs Wood, Martin, Crisp, Baxter, Lamb, Little, White, Griffin, McMullan, W. T. and Walter Old, Carlton and Jenkins.

At the Academy of Music on the evenings of the 1st and 4th, a rather novel presentation in the nature of a trade carnival was staged for the benefit of the Albemare Fire Company. The general conception of the presentation was good. Those participating represented largely the younger element of our home talent. The various commercial houses and enterprises of our city were represented and their merits extolled in tripping lines or by catchy songs and phrases delivered by thire respective young standard-bearers. The programme was a lengthy one Some of the scenic effects—notably the tableau of fairies—were very prettily conceived. Among the many performers as worthy of special mention we note the names of Miss Maud Davis, Miss Lucy White, Mr. Willam C. Sawyer and our own fair little representative Miss Marion Smith. Mrs. M. R. Griffin, who was in fine voice, favored the audience vocally. We regret that the average attendance was not larger. For if there is any one organization in the city that has by its prompt acts and unselfish devotion merited well of the public at large that organization is the Albemarle Fire Company.

Have you harkened unto the words of wisdom as yet? Remember that Thermal Bath Cabinet and be happy.

When in the city, desirous of getting rid of an appetite in a manner most satisfactory, call on Perry & Keaton.

Apropros of our remarks of several weeks ago, strong and concerted effort is now being made to place a creditable nine upon our local diamond. No progressive town should fail in its encouragement of the national game. A game in itself equally attractive both to those participating and to the public at large, who, from the vantage point of the most high seat can view, howl and criticise at their own sweet will, most effectively asserting the privilege of the American citizen. Business houses everywhere recognize the tonic of its effect on their employes. By request, a mass meeting is called for this evening, 8 o'clock sharp, at the Band Room, City Hall. An Athletic Association will be formed and an effort made to place the project upon a firm basis. Let the business interests but give the boys proper encouragement and their pennant will soon be seen floating from the first band.wagon. Come out ye rooters! come out.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 4:41 and will set to-night at 7:22.—The weather continues surprisingly cool for June.—There was a convocation of Cherokee Royal Arch Chapter at the Masonic Hall on Friday night.—Mr. Frank Baxter, cadet at the Military School at Newport News, has returned home.—They say that it was after the honeymoon. She: "Why, Charles, I thought you always had my photograph on your desk." The Liar: "I did, dearest, until I saw that it was impossible to keep my eyes off it. I really couldn't do any work at all." She: (mentally) the dear boy!—Messrs. C. L. Hornaday and E. C McCall, of the "Albemarle Dispatch," called on Friday. They rode over in the morning on wheels and returned in the evening. They are pleasant and genial gentlemen and are endeavoring to give Hertford what every town needs, a clean newsy paper.—Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Griffin left Monday afternoon to attend the University Commencement at Chapel Hill, this State. Mr. Griffin's class holds re-union exercises on the old campus this year.—Our bachelor philosopher quotes the following:

Give a man a pipe he can smoke,
Give a man a book he can read,
And his home is bright with a calm delight,
Though the room be poor indeed.

—Mr. G. R. Little, who has been spending some months in our city, left Tuesday morning. Mr. Little is interested in the Insurance business and intends prosecuting his work in Greenville and vicinity for the next month or so.—Mr. S. S. Cartwright was in the city last week visiting his family.—Mr. Simon Salomonsky spent a few days in Norfolk last week.—Mr. A. Lavanstin is visititing in Petersburg, Va.—Mr R. B. C. Lamb is back from the University. Judging from appearances, classic shades seem to agree with Richard.—Mr. C. R. Grandy has started a pool room on Main streets.—The oyster shells are being placed, but how about the gentle summer zephers when the good old sun gets in its work.—We note recent purchases of real estate by Mr. Charles Morgan through Burgess & Co., our enterprising real estate agents.—

A solemn pause! At length he spoke;
His words were full of strength.
The congregation slept, nor woke
For hours. He spoke at length.

—Mr. Buck Sawyer one of our Wake Forest boys, has returned.—Mr. I. T. Meekins of Avon, called on Tuesday and paid his respects.—Mrs. F. H. Zeigler, who has been visiting in Norfolk, has returned.—The tug Baltimore came through the canal on Tuesday, towing a number of sailing vessels and returned with another tug in convoy.—Miss Ida J. Flora, one of Elizabeth City's charming young daughters, has returned from St. Mary's Female College at Raleigh. Quite a number of Edenton young lady students of the same institution passed through our city last week homeward bound.—Poverty: "Oh," sang the poet, "how sweet is poverty!" Now, it chanced that the Parcæ or Fates had some leisure time on their hands. The Porto Rican tariff was res adjudicata, and the Dewey boom was hardly yet in a condition to take up. "Let us play a practical joke on this poet" said the Fates. Accordingly they bestowed upon him six homely daughters and laughed heartily to see him hustling for the Long Green.—Mrs. W. P. and Miss Mary Zollinger of Baltimore, are the guests of Mrs. J. H. Burgess on Main street.—The steamer Olive arrived in this port Saturday for general repairs.—A little excitement was created at the residence of Mr. G. W. Brothers of this city by an attempted burglary during the the week just passed. The house-breaker, a negro, was discovered, however, though he succeeded in making his escape.—

The man of conscientious mind
Finds life no bed of ease;
Men think him of inferior kind
Because he strives to please.

—The evening pedestrian now has his ears greeted with the touching accounts of "Why Schneider Left Home," and is informed in heart-rending tones that "She Was Happy 'Till she Met You," and so on through the list. The Wizzard Oil man with two mighty graphaphones is in town. His evening audiences are large and seeming'y appreciative.—Bishop Watson preached at the Episcopal church Sunday and administered confirmation to two votaries, Mrs. Charles Grice and Mrs. Charles Pendleton.—Mrs. Lieut. Crisp, who has been visiting in Boston, returned home Tuesday evening. The American Minstrels, amateurs, presented their performance at the Academy Tuesday evening for the benefit of the local management. The performance was a very creditable one and well attended. The ministrels have given up their Edenton trip.—A. W. Creef and R. W. Kent of East Lake, gave us a call on Saturday. They report the measles quite prevalent in that locality.—There was an impromtu little dance at the Academy after the minstrel performance Tuesday evening.—We note the recent incorporation of the Elizabeth City Water Works Company with a capital stock of $25,000. J. B Flora, J. W. Woodley, E. F. Aydlett, Louis Selig, P. H Williams Chas. H. Robinson J. W. Sharber are named as incorporators. An effort will be made to give us an efficient system of waterworks. We are led to understand that Norfolk capital is also interested in the enterprise.—We acknowledge an invitation to attend the commencement exercises of the Atlantic Collegiate Institute. The program is seemingly an attractive one. The Baccalaurate Sermon is to be delivered on June 10th by Dr. W. S. Penick of this city. The Annual Address by the Hon. John H. Small of Washington, N. C., is billed for the evening of the 12th. These efforts should be well worth hearing.—Mr. Kent Vaughan, having accepted a position as travsling salesman for the Fourden Specialty Co., wholesale Perfumers and Druggist of Baltimore, left yesterday on his initial trip. His field is Carolina.—Miss Mae Wood is visiting in Norfolk.—The meeting of the Ladies Cemetery Association is called for this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Speight. All members are requested to be present.—Mr. James Cartwright, representing Messrs. Berkenstock & Co, is in the city.—We note the statement that Capt. F. F. Spence of Fairfield, is constructing a steamer to ply between that port and Elizabeth City.—A blaze in Pr-yortown called the ever faithful Fire and Hook and Ladder Companies from their pleasant beds at the unholy hour of 3 a. m., Tuesday morning. The building, a frame one, was consumed by the flames but no further damage was done.—Another happy pair, they are one now, spent yesterday in our city. The Rev. R. C. Beaman officiated. The parties were Mr. Bernard Odenthal and Miss Sallie E. Cook, both of Norfolk.—Mr. Stephen P. Wilson, a well-known citizen of the county, who has been residing a short while in this city, died on Tuesday, aged 64 years.

THE CELEBRATED
FARQUHAR
Threshing Machines
Simplest, Most Durable, Economical and Perfect in use. Wastes no Grain; Cleans it Ready for Market.
THRESHING ENGINES AND HORSE POWERS, Saw Mills and Standard Implements Generally. Send for illustrated catalogue.
A. B. FARQUHAR CO. LTD., YORK, PA,

EAT AND LIVE.
DELICACES OF THE SEASON.
Oysters fresh from Norfolk. Give us a trial and enjoy a toothsome meal.
BERRY & KEATON,
Restaurant - - - North Water St.

The banner prosperity in the South is a cotton one, but warranted to wear and non-shrinkable.—Topeka (Kan.) Capital.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FULMER & CO.
When buying Groceries as well as other things, you like to have some variety to choose from. No store in Elizabeth City displays such a variety of good things to eat as Fulmer & Co's. You can find many new things there and very likely among them is something that will just suit you. If you need a Health Food, try "Grape Nuts," Ralston Breakfast and Barley Food, Whole Wheat Biscuit, or Mother's Oats. We have a fine grade Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour, Hecker's Whole Wheat Flour for Dispeptics and Ralstons's Brain Bread Flour. Below is a list of a few dainties for the table: Imported Switzir Cheese, Veal Loaf, Liver Pudding, Boneless Herring, Imported Sardines, Dried Beef, Queen Olives, Yellow Peaches, Canned Strawberries. Real Quince and Peach Preserves, Cranberry Sauce, Chow-chow and India Relish. Telephone 17,

Diseases of the Blood and Nerves.
No one need suffer with neuralgia. This disease is quickly and permanently cured by Browns' Iron Bitters. Every disease of the blood, nerves and stomach, chronic or otherwise, succumbs to Browns' Iron Bitters. Known and used for nearly a quarter of a century, it stands to-day foremost among our most valued remedies. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

MATTING!
New Goods, New Patterns,
Our Mattings are new goods forwarded to us direct from the ship in which they came
FROM
CHINA AND JAPAN.
They are not dried out;
They are not old patterns;
They are not auction jobs.
They are fresh, new goods; bright, clean patterns and at very moderate prices.

WALL PAPER!
Make your rooms beautiful and attractive by papering the walls. It costs very little We can show you a large variety of good things for the purpose. There is no use in ordering from sample books if you can save yourself time, money and trouble by selecting from our stock of three thousand pieces.
We have just opened a large lot of Jardinieries, Flower Pots and Urns.
MELICK

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

DR. G. W. CARDWELL
Office 48 Water Street.
Residence: Body Road Street. Office Hours, Sunday, 8 to 9, a. m. 7 to 10, a. m. 1 to 2:30, p. m., 6 to 8 p. m.

Notice of Administration

HAVING qualified as Executor of the late Nathan Walker, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within 12 months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.
J. A. KRAMER, Executor.
April 25, 1900.

C. A. Snow & Co., Patent Lawyers opposite the United States Patent Office, Washington, D. C., who have actual clients in every city and town of the United States and Canada report that never before in their 25 years practice has the work of the office been so well up to date. They claim that patents can now be procured in less than half the time formerly required

FOR RENT,
A neat six room dwelling on Martin street near Church. Building and out houses in good condition and low rates will be given careful tenants. Apply at the Carolinian office.
MRS. L. G. PRICE.

LOST! NOTICE is hereby given that I have lost or mislaid certificate No. 4207 for five shares of stock in the United Banking and Building Company of Richmond, Va., issued to me on the 5th of July, 1893. All persons are forewarned from trading for the same. A liberal reward will be paid to the finder of said certificate upon its delivery to me.
J. F. SANDERS.
May 16th, 1900.

TRY——OUR
THROAT PASTILLES
—FOR—
SORE THROAT AND HOARSENESS, WHITE PINE COMPOUND FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
Standard Pharmacy,
Moved from Road to Poindexter St.

"WHITAR"
ONLY WHITE TAR SOAP IN THE WORLD.

Whitar Soap is a luxurious and purified toilet soap and superior to the old black tar soaps in every way.
It contains all the healing and antiseptic properties of the black tar soaps, with entire freedom from their objectionable features.
It soils neither towel nor wash bowl, for its lather is snow-white.
It lathers in Hard or soft water far more freely than other tar soaps, and being 10% per cent. pure, outlasts any of "the filled" soaps of equal size.
It contains much more glycerine than other soaps, and this together with its soft thick lather make it a king among shampoo soaps. In the treatment of skin, scalp and hair diseases, aggravated cases of dandruff, scald head, falling hair, etc., Whitar is highly recommended.
Physicians recommend it for babies' baths, and in cases of chafe or heat rash, the soap is peculiarly efficacious.
Ask your dealer for it.
MANUFACTURED BY
CLINTON SOAP CO.,
CLINTON, IOWA.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N C

TO THE DEAF.—A rich lady cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave $10,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Address No. 777, The Nicholson Institute, 780, Eighth Avenue, New York.

CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

WHY NOT INSURE YOUR HEALTH?
You would not think of going to sleep at night without insurance on your property. Is not your health the most important of all your possessions?
The Robinson Thermal Bath Cabinet

Is the proverbial ounce of prevention
Drop us a card and we will send descriptive booklet. Once used you will never willingly be without it. CHS. H. DOD, Agent,
At Fowler & Co's Elizabeth City, N. C.
In order to quickly convince the public of the merits of this treatment we will for a short time only furnish a Cabinet complete with Heater for $3.50. Order at once to secure Cabinet at this price.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death
to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in G the prices defy competition Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because I thus doing we are sure to secure trade
Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.
In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Carloes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Call
Wholesale Department,
like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. I here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us such as we have been since we were a boy.
W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

GENTLEMEN'S DRIVING WAGON
We use only the best of material. Has all up to date attachments.
Splendid Finish. Price is right. We can make it an inducement for dealers to handle our work. We manufacture a full line of light pleasure vehicles. Send for catalogue and price list.

FULLER BUGGY CO., Wholesale Manufacturers.
JACKSON, MICH.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.
One hundred valuable Town Lots for sale. These lots are desirably located in one of the best sections of Elizabeth City and can be had on easy terms. Apply to
I. M. MEEKINS, Att'y,
Room 5, Bradford Building,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

TYROSA for SOUPS
Soup stock prepared in the form of Dry Flour, thoroughly cooked and ready for immediate use.

Makes a Delicious Soup in Ten Minutes
All flavors retained
No Nutriment is lost.
Indigestible parts of the food removed.
TYROSA is Pure Food and all Food.
A 10 cent package makes six quarts of soup. Three varieties, Tea, Bean, Vegetable Turtle.
For sale by grocers.
PREPARED BY
MAC MORRAN & CO., Port Huron, Mich.

A FREE PATTERN
her own selection in every subscriber. Beautiful colored lithographed plates and illustrations. Original latest, artistic, exquisite and strictly up-to-date designs
McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR
dressmaking economies, fancy work, household hints short stories current topics, etc. Subscribe to-day Only 50c yearly. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms

for ladies, misses, girls and little children. That one in stylish "chic" effect not attained by the use of any other patterns. Have no equal for style and perfect fit
McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢
Easily put together. Only 10 and 15 cents each—non other sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail for them. Absolutely very latest up-to-date style
THE McCALL COMPANY,
138-146 West 14th Street, - - - New York City, N.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. Children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but is made from pure grains; the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Card playing is said to have well nigh died out in England.

What Shall We Have For Dessert!

This question arises in the family daily. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in 2 min. No boiling! no baking! Simply add a little hot water & set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At grocers. 10c.

A Lithuanian in Chicago bears the name of John Uppermost Short.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot, Smarting and Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

An active demand for agricultural implements is reported from Louisville, Ky.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c

Japan has gone into cloak making and exported $77,615 worth last year.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Chicago's total debt is $17,000,000, while New York City owes $288,000,000.

The Best Prescription for Chills

and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

In forty-eight months there were 3431 suicides in New York City.

You Will Never Know

what good ink is unless you use Carter's. It costs no more than poor ink. All dealers.

The distance from Philadelphia to San Francisco by rail is 3177 miles.

HOW MUCH YOU EAT

Is not the question, but, how much you digest, because food does good only when it is digested and assimilated, taken up by the blood and made into muscle, nerve, bone and tissue. Hood's Sarsaparilla restores to the stomach its powers of digestion. Then appetite is natural and healthy. Then dyspepsia is gone, and strength, elasticity and endurance return.

Stomach Trouble—"I have had trouble with my stomach and at times would be very dizzy. I also had severe headaches and that tired feeling. When I had taken three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was relieved." MRS. ANGELINA JARVIS, 5 Appleton St., Holyoke, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best Medicine Money Can Buy.

Radway's Pills

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Regulate the Liver and Digestive organs. The safest and best medicine in the world for the

CURE

of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking RADWAY'S PILLS By so doing

DYSPEPSIA,

Sick Headache, Foul Stomach, Biliousness will be avoided, as the food that is eaten contributes its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body.

Price, 25 cts., per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm St., N. Y.

Windmills in France.

Windmills are largely being used in France as a source of mechanical power, used to generate electricity. The wind as hitherto bloweth where and when it listeth, but now whenever it blows where there is a windmill with a dynamo geared to it, it may be made to charge accumulators whether it listeth or not, and the accumulators will give up their stored energy when the wind is taking a rest.

An Irresistible Persuader.

Advertising "dodges" have had their day; their usefulness has almost departed, and they can now be employed successfully only when they possess extraordinary merit. The public prefers a straightforward appeal to its intelligence and its reasoning capacity. The sensibly written and well constructed advertisement is an irresistible persuader.—Philadelphia Record.

Weary Women

Rest and help for weary women are found in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It makes women strong and healthy to bear their burdens, and overcomes those ills to which women are subject because they are women.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Is known from coast to coast. It has cured more sick women than any other medicine. Its friends are everywhere and they are constantly writing thankful letters which appear in this paper.

If you are puzzled write for Mrs. Pinkham's advice. Her address is Lynn, Mass. She will charge you nothing and she has restored a million women to health.

PILES If you have got the PILES, you have not used DANIELS SURE PILE CURE, or you would not have them now. The only Guaranteed Cure. No detention from business, no operation, no opium or morphine. 12 Suppositories 50c. or 24 and box of ointment $1.00, postpaid by mail. Send for book of valuable information on Piles, FREE, whether you use our remedy or not.

THE DANIELS SURE PILE CURE CO., 284 Asylum St., Hartford, Conn.

PRETORIA FALLS.

Kruger and His Forces Abandon the Boer Capital, Which the British Occupy.

JOHANNESBURG TAKEN.

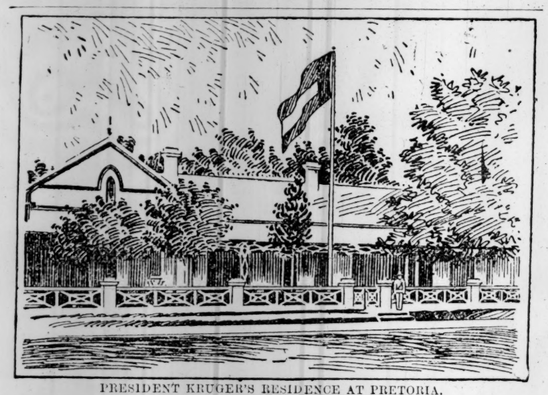
Burghers Retire to Lydenburg Where They Probably Will Make Their Last Stand.

The End of the War Apparently in Sight—The Forces at the Forts in Pretoria Dismissed and a Committee of Public Safety Awaited the Entry of General Roberts's Army—Boers Made no Stand at Johannesburg—President Kruger Believed to Have Gone to Lydenburg Where There May Be Some Fighting Later—Orange Free State Annexed.

What the War Has Cost.		
	British.	Boers
Troops put in field	250,000	50,000
Losses in men	30,000	12,000
Money expended	$300,000,000	$10,000,000

The Boer figures are from the best available estimates.

LONDON (By Cable).—Pretoria, the Transvaal capital, and Johannesburg have surrendered to the British, President Kruger is in flight and the submission of the entire Boer Republic practically is complete. The defenders of the forts at Pretoria were ordered by the local committee, appointed to preserve peace, to leave their posts. Measures were taken to control the rank and file of the British prisoners by sending to them some of their own officers. The citizens assembled in Church Square, in the centre of the town, to receive the victors, when they entered.



PRESIDENT KRUGER'S RESIDENCE AT PRETORIA.

PRESIDENT KRUGER.
(He left the Transvaal capital as a fugitive.)

The Daily Mail has received the following dispatch, dated Wednesday, from its correspondent, the Earl of Rosslyn, who was lately captured by the Boers in the Free State:

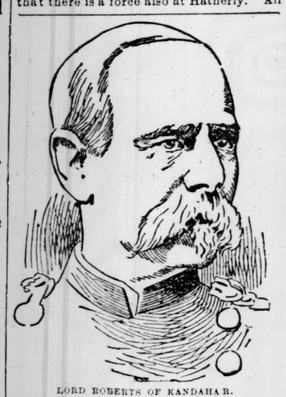
"Pretoria will be occupied in about two hours' time without resistance. The President has gone to Waterval Boven. Burgomaster de Souza is authorized to receive the British. He, with an influential committee of citizens, including Chief Justice Gregorowski, has been appointed to preserve life and property during the interregnum. Everything is quiet. Crowds are waiting expectantly in Church Square for the arrival of the British.

"Fearing possible disturbances and bloodshed among the prisoners at Waterval, Mr. Hay, the American Consul, and Leigh Wood insisted upon twenty officers being liberated on parole to go to the men. Their action cannot be too highly praised. I was permitted to accompany the officers. Everything was quiet."

Earlier in the day the following dispatch direct from Pretoria was received:

"British officers are now at Johannesburg dictating terms of surrender. The British advance guard is half way between Johannesburg and Pretoria. It is reported that there is a force also at Hatherly. All the forces have been dismissed from the forts around Pretoria. President Kruger is now at Waterval Boven.

"At a public meeting called this morning by the Burgomaster of Pretoria a committee was appointed to keep public order. The committee consists of Judge Gregorowski, Nel Charles Marais, Loveday, De Villiers, Zeederberg and F. Grobler."



LORD ROBERTS OF KANDAHAR.
(British general who accomplished the defeat of the Boers.)

ORANGE RIVER COLONY NOW.

Annexation Proclamation Read in the Market Square at Bloemfontein.

BLOEMFONTEIN (By Cable).—The annexation of the Orange Free State to Great Britain was formally proclaimed in the market square. General Pretyman, the Military Governor of Bloemfontein, read the proclamation of General Lord Roberts, annexing the Free State and renaming it the Orange River Colony. The proclamation, in announcing the annexation, referred to the Orange Free State as "having been conquered by her Majesty forces."

There were tremendous cheers when this portion was read. The people sang the British national anthem and a salute of twenty-one guns was fired.

General Buller Has Some Success.

LONDON (By Cable).—It is reported from Natal that the Boers had been worrying General Buller's forces a good deal over the mountain passes which lead from the Vrede district in Orange River Colony, to give it its new name. Small raiding parties had formed a langer at Doornberg, about thirty miles southeast of Newcastle. To counteract this movement Buller sent out a force under Hildyard, marching by Wool's Drift to Utrecht and another by Inchanga Drift to the same place, which had been occupied. Laing's Nek has been bombarded vigorously by General Clery.

Pro-Boer Resolution Shelved.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—In the Senate Mr. Bacon, of Georgia, spoke at length on the Teller resolution expressing sympathy for the Boers, after which, on motion of Senator Davis, the resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations by a vote of 40 to 26.

OUR TROOPS LAND IN CHINA.

Marines and a Machine Gun Put Ashore at Tien Tsin.

TIEN TSIN, China (By Cable).—The United States cruiser Newark landed 103 men, with a machine gun, amid enthusiasm on the part of the foreigners here. Five Russian warships and two torpedo boats, a French cruiser, a British cruiser and a sloop-of-war and an Italian cruiser are here. All have landed men, who have been ordered to Pekin to guard the foreign legations.

It is said that the Viceroy refused to allow these troops to proceed to Pekin without the authority of the Tsung-li-Yamen.

It is believed here that the Boxers will be dispersed without aid of foreign troops. Tien Tsin itself is in no danger. The French and German party which went to Chang Sin Tien to rescue the Belgians who were said to be besieged in that town have returned here. They say that the Belgians have arrived safely at Pekin. They bring details of great destruction of railway property. They saw several parties of Chinese ripping up the line. In one place a military mandarin was looking on.

A GIFT OF $5,000,000.

Donation by Two St. Louis Men to Washington University.

ST. LOUIS, Mo. (Special).—Samuel Cupples and Robert Brookings have donated $5,000,000 to Washington University. This makes a total endowment of $7,000,000.

The two donors will deed over the immensely valuable tract of city property known as Cupples Station with all its franchises. The income from the $5,000,000 amounts to $400,000 annually.

GENERAL OTIS ARRIVES.

Reaches San Francisco on the Transport Meade From Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO (Special).—The transport Meade has arrived here with Major-General Elwell S. Otis, former Commander-in-Chief of the American forces in the Philippines, aboard. As the transport entered the harbor a salute of thirteen guns was fired and a number of gayly decorated tugs and launches went out to meet her. On board one of the tugs were a number of officers detailed by General Shafter to greet General Otis.

Promotion For General Otis.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President nominated Brigadier-General Elwell S. Otis to be a Major-General in the Regular Army, in place of General Merritt, who retires on June 16.

Young Women Housebreakers.

Two young women, armed with revolvers and giving their names as Girtie and Winnie Pigg, broke into and looted the residence of E. S. Noleman, at Irvington, Ill., in broad daylight. The family was absent. When Policeman P. E. McNill, of Richview, put them under arrest they still had their weapons.

Yellow Fever in Cuba.

Five cases of yellow fever have been discovered in Santa Clara, Cuba, among men of the Second United States cavalry who are married to Cuban women and who live out of the barracks. There are only two cases in the province of Havana. There is not one in the city.

Welcome Rain in India.

The Viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Keddleston, telegraphs that good rain has fallen in Mysore and that scattered showers have fallen elsewhere. The cholera has not abated. There are now 5,730,000 persons in receipt of relief.

TO KEEP ORDER IN ST. LOUIS.

Sheriff Ordered to Summon a Posse of 1000 Citizens.

ST. LOUIS, Mo. (Special).—The Police Board has ordered Sheriff Pohlman to summon a posse of 1000 citizens for the preservation of the public peace during the continuance of the street car strike. The order is issued in accordance with a section of the new police law which empowers the Police Board to call upon the Sheriff to form a posse comitatus to assist, under the Board's direction, in the preservation of the public peace.

FRENCH MINISTER RESIGNS.

General de Galliffet Surrenders the War Portfolio.

PARIS (By Cable).—General the Marquis de Galliffet, Minister of War, has resigned. It is officially announced that his successor is General Andre.

In his letter to M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the Premier, asking him to place the resignation in the hands of the President of the Republic, General de Galliffet pleads ill health as a reason for his decision. His exact words are:

"I am very ill, and my health prevents me resisting all emotions of the moment."

Attempt to Control Prune Crop.

The California Cured Fruit Association is making a final attempt to control the prune crop this season. An appeal has been sent to growers asking them to agree not to deal with any broker or jobber who does not do business with the association.

Venezuela Rebel Leader a Captive.

General Jose M. Hernandes, the Venezuela revolutionary leader, has been captured by Government troops. The revolution is considered now ended.

London's Tramways a Success.

The municipal working of the tramways of London has proved most successful.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Fire in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing caused a loss of ab out $1500. The cause of the fire is unknown.

The Supreme Court decided against Admiral Dewey on his claim for double bounty for the destruction of Spanish ships in Manila Bay.

The Senate passed a bill for the removal of the historic "Long Bridge" across the Potomac and the building of a new bridge.

Adjutant-General Corbin said that it has been decided to begin to return the volunteer soldiers to the United States from the Philippines in December.

Secretary Long has decided to recommend a court-martial for Captain McGowen, charged with shooting a Filipino.

A warning has been sent out by the Department of State against the swindling scheme relating to estates in England. There are no great estates and no large deposits unclaimed.

The Senate passed a joint resolution reappointing Andrew D. White a Regent of the Smithsonian Institution.

All Ferrough Bey, the Turkish Minister, called on Secretary Hay Thursday for the first time since he learned of the character of the note sent to his Government demanding the payment of the Armenia indemnity.

Our Adopted Islands.

Mgr. Sbarretti, Bishop of Havana, has protested to Governor-General Wood against the confiscations of church property by municipalities.

Internal Revenue Collector Lynch is making preparations to establish an office in Honolulu, the Hawaiian Islands having been added to the District of California.

Secretary Root offered the place of Judge Advocate of Porto Rico to Charles T. Saxton, former Lieutenant-Governor of New York.

Governor General Wood has ordered a thorough overhauling of the various Government department in Cuba.

The street railways of Havana, Cuba, are to change the motive power from horses to electricity.

Domestic.

The safe in the postoffice at Marshall, N C., was blown open and $4000 was taken.

George B. Loring has abandoned his scheme to organize a gigantic cattle and ranch syndicate in Texas with a minimum capital stock of $40,000,000.

By a small majority the Methodist Episcopal General Conference refused to strike out of the discipline the prohibition of dancing, cardplaying and kindred amusements.

Deputy Sheriff Felix Davidson, who was shot at Manchester, Clay County, Ky., by "Spreck" Philpot, is dead. It is believed that this killing will revive the Clay County feud troubles.

Miss Katherine S. Clark, daughter of former Senator William A. Clark, of Montana, and Dr. Lewis Rutherford Morris were married at St. Thomas' Episcopal Church in New York City.

Judge Lewis W. Clark, late Chief Justice of the New Hampshire Supreme Court, died at his residence, in Manchester, N. H. He was seventy-two years of age and leaves one son and a daughter.

It is now assured that the Young Men's Christian Association will procure its jubilee endowment fund of $1,000,000 by May 1, 1891, when its great Jubilee Convention will assemble in Boston.

Julius Arnold, senior member of a law firm in London, England, was arrested in San Francisco on the charge of having embezzled $15,000.

Amos Stirling, an alleged accomplice of Henry Ivory in the murder of Professor White in Philadelphia, was caught in Trenton, N. J.

Two strikers and a bystander were wounded by a volley fired from a car in St. Louis, Mo. Little attention is being paid to the Court's injunction.

The proposal to hold a constitutional convention in Virginia to disfranchise the negroes was carried in the election Thursday.

Louis Lowith, a victim of consumption, committed suicide in New York City, to prevent his fiancee, Miss Florence E. Moore, from sacrificing herself by marrying him.

Nathan P. Hill, Former United States Senator from Colorado, died at Denver of general debility. He was sixty-eight years old.

The Baptist Home Missionary Society, in session at Detroit, Mich., elected officers for the ensuing year. A committee on comity and for closer alliance in mission work between the Protestant denominations was ordered appointed.

A boiler at McFerran's sawmill, ten miles west of Covington, Ky., exploded, killing five men and completely wrecking the plant. Captain James A. McFerran, the proprietor, was among the killed, and was well known throughout the State.

After having occupied their lands undisturbed for generations, the Rhinelanders are now called upon to defend their title to 400 lots in New York City, which are worth more than $3,000,000.

Governor Beckham, of Kentucky, issued to J. C. S. Blackburn his commission as United States Senator to succeed William Lindsay.

The Republican State Convention of South Dakota nominated Charles H. Herried, of Eureka, for Governor. The delegates to the national convention were instructed for McKinley.

Thomas McGovern, who sent his soiled shirt to President McKinley by mail, "just to show the President what a dirty city Chicago is," was sent to the State Asylum for the Insane at Kankakee, Ill.

Foreign.

The United States cruiser Albany was placed in commission at Newcastle, England.

Count Boni de Castellane's interpellation in the French Chamber of Deputies led to a remarkable scene of uproar, but the Government finally received a vote of confidence.

Lord George Hamilton, Secretary of State for India, said in the House of Commons that funds from the home exchequer were not needed on account of the famine.

A law placing a twenty per cent. tax on department stores has been enacted in Germany.

Anarchy reigns in several provinces in China on account of the depredations of the "Boxers."

A Korean official confessed, under torture, names of those alleged to have murdered the queen.

Klimke, the State Mining Engineer of the Transvaal, has received six months' leave of absence, presumably because he protested against the proposition to blow up the Witwatersrand mines.

The canonization of John Baptist De La Salle, founder of the order of Christian Brothers, and Rita Cascia, a nun of the Augustinian order, was celebrated at St. Peter's, at Rome, with great pomp. One pilgrim was killed in the crush. The Pope appeared to be in the best of health.

Riots have occurred repeatedly within the last few days at Stolb, Pomerania, Germany. The cavalry attacked the crowd and twenty persons were injured.

A bill which the Swis Assembly adopted making compulsory the insurance against accident and illness of all persons not earning their own living was, upon being submitted to the people, defeated by a majority of 170,000.

Cecil Rhodes and other South African mining millionaires are at the head of an enterprise looking to the exploitation of the mineral wealth of German West Africa.

It is understood in Prussian Parliamentary circles that the bill passed by the Prussian Diet for taxing large department stores will not meet with Government approval.

The recent victories and the relief of Mafeking resulted in the celebration of the Queen's birthday being more elaborate than usual throughout the British Empire.

The Russian battleship Poliedia and the Russian cruiser Aurora were launched at St. Petersburg in the presence of Emperor Nicholas.

Ambassador Choate presented the loving cup subscribed for by Americans to Sir Thomas Lipton at a banquet in London.

The Powers, through their representatives at Pekin, have demanded of the Chinese Government the immediate suppression of the Boxers; otherwise the Powers will land troops in China.

The British lost sixty-three men, twenty-five horses, two Maxims and a lot of ammunition when a squadron of Bethune's Horse was ambushed. The Boers lost one man killed, one wounded.

A railway authority in England says that the railway companies may be driven to defensive measures should the coal owners insist on raising the price of contract coal to the extreme.

The New South Wales Government is spending $150,000 a month trying to stamp out bubonic plague, and a whole army of rat catchers is employed.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

23			
BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras..	—	@	20½
Firsts	19½	@	20
Thirds to seconds	16½	@	19
State—Thirds to firsts	16½	@	20
State Dairy tubs, extras	19	@	19½
Imitation Creamery	15	@	18
Factory, fresh firsts	—	@	16
Low grades	14	@	15
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9	@	9¼
Small	8	@	8¼
Part skims, good to prime	4½	@	5½
Full skims	1	@	1½
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	14½	@	15
State and Penn	14	@	14½
Western—Choice	13	@	14
Southern	11½	@	12
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1899	2 17½	@	2 20
Medium, 1899	2 12½	@	2 15
Pea, choice, 1899	2 27½	@	2 30
Red kidney, choice, 1899	2 02½	@	2 05
White kidney, choice, 1899	—	@	2 25
Yellow eye, 1899	—	@	2 20
Lima, Cal	3 52½	@	3 55
Green peas, bags	—	@	1 15
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Roxbury, ₱ bbl	3 50	@	4 00
Baldwin, ₱ bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Ben Davis, ₱ bbl	4 00	@	5 0
Strawberries, ₱ qt	5	@	8
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb		@	10½
Spring chickens, ₱ lb	17	@	22
Roosters, ₱ lb	—	@	6½
Turkeys, ₱ lb	7	@	8
Ducks, ₱ pair	40	@	60
Geese, ₱ pair	70	@	1 00
Pigeons, ₱ pair	25	@	35
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	5	@	10
Broilers, Phila., ₱ lb	20	@	30
Chickens, State & Penn ₱ lb	—	@	—
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	9½	@	10
Ducks, L. I. spring, ₱ lb	—	@	15
Geese, ₱ lb	—	@	—
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 00	@	2 50
HOPS.			
State—1899, choice, ₱ lb	12½	@	13
1899, fair	—	@	9
Pacific Coast, 1899, choice	—	@	13
Common to fair	6	@	9
Old odds	—	@	—
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	—	@	90
Clover mixed	—	@	—
Clover	—	@	—
Straw—Long rye	72½	@	80
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, Southern, ₱ bbl.	2 50	@	3 00
Chili, ₱ bbl	2 25	@	2 75
L. I., ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Sweet, Jersey, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	4 50
Cabbages, N. C. ₱ bbl	75	@	1 25
Onions, N. O., ₱ bbl	2 00	@	2 25
Egyptian, ₱ bag	—	@	2 25
Turnips, ₱ 100 bunches	2 00	@	3 00
Tomatoes, Fla., ₱ carrier	1 00	@	3 50
String beans, ₱ crate	40	@	75
Peppers, ₱ carrier	1 00	@	1 50
Beets, ₱ 100 bunches	3 00	@	6 00
Egg plant, ₱ crate	1 00	@	2 00
Celery, Fla., ₱ case	75	@	1 75
Rhubarb, ₱ 100 bunches	1 00	@	2 00
Peas, ₱ basket	1 00	@	1 50
Lettuce, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 50
Spinach, ₱ bbl	—	@	75
Kale, ₱ bbl	25	@	50
Squash, Fla., ₱ basket	50	@	1 00
Radishes, ₱ 100 bunches	25	@	75
Cucumbers, ₱ basket	1 00	@	2 50
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	3 60	@	3 85
Spring Patents	3 60	@	3 80
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	74⅞
No. 2 Red	—	@	74⅞
Corn—No. 2	42¾	@	43¾
Oats—No. 2 White		@	28
Track mixed	26½	@	28
Rye—Western	62½	@	63
State	—	@	59
Lard—City	—	@	6.60c.
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7¼	@	8¼
Calves, city dressed	8	@	10
Country dressed	6	@	9
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	4 00	@	5 00
Lambs, ₱ 100 lb	7 75	@	8 25
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb	5 00	@	5 50
Country dressed	6	@	8

TOBACCO.

Although the market for seed leaf tobacco was quiet, it was strong, and the following sales were made at pretty full prices: 250 cases crop 1898 Wisconsin Havana at 12c; 150 cases crop 1898 Pennsylvania seed leaf at 13c; 75 cases crop 1899 New England Havana seed, forced sweat, at 25@50c; 150 bales Havana at 75@95c in bond, and 150 bales Sumatra at 75c@$1.45 in bond.

CALIFORNIA'S BIG FRUIT YIELD.

The Largest Ever Known Owing to the Increased Acreage.

SAN FRANCISCO (Special).—Reports received from all fruit-growing counties of the State indicate that the fruit crop of 1900 will be the largest ever harvested in California because of the new acreage.

Oranges have set heavily and are unusually far advanced for this season of the year, and several correspondents anticipate the largest crops ever harvested, and of much better quality than that of the current season. Lemons have set less profusely but well. Almonds will be light and apples abundant.

There will be a large crop of grapes for raisins, while the table grape yield will be very heavy. An unusually large crop of peaches and plums is also anticipated. The prune yield will be only an average one, but the fruit is large.

FRUIT GROWERS' WOES.

Birds and Caterpillars Are Busy With the Green Peaches.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Fruit growers in the Hudson River Valley have suffered great loss through the invasion of their peach orchards by thousands of little birds, who have picked out the small green peaches in the centre of the blossom, stripping the trees of the fruit. The visitors resemble in size and shape the common yellow bird. They are about the size of a sparrow. The male is dark brown in color, with a red head and back and red on the tips of the wings. The females are brown. Thousands of them have been killed by fruit growers.

In addition to these birds, the forest tent caterpillars are appearing in large numbers, causing loss and disgust to the farmers and fruit growers.

Peach Prospects Are Good.

Bright peach prospects are reported from most sections of the country where the fruit is grown for market. Georgia peaches will be very much in evidence at early date, and the season has proved propitious further north as a rule.

European Crop Conditions.

The Mark Lane Express of London in its weekly review of the crop situation, says: "Wheat has improved, but oats and barley are less promising than for many seasons. In Austria, Hungary, Southern Russia, Turkey, Greece and Persia wheat and barley are satisfactory. In Italy the average will not be exceeded. Spain expects a good wheat crop."

Good Yield of Fruit Indicated.

Small fruit conditions are generally satisfactory. The condition of cane fruits seems to be fairly satisfactory.

The State of Trade.

Canadian sugar refiners have advanced prices ten cents per hundred.

The Pacific Coast sealing catch is reported fifty per cent. heavier than a year ago.

Distribution is of a fair volume in the Northwest, but complaint of want of rain is quite general.

Winter wheat prospects in the Southwest remain good, but foreign inquiry has been on a reduced scale.

The boot and shoe market is dull, with manufacturers firm, but with jobbers asking for lower prices.

A fair business has been done in women's-wear goods for fall, but men's-wear orders are rather backward.

The weakness in cast-iron pipe is inducing some curtailment of production, notably at the South.

Practically the entire corn crop has been planted under favorable conditions, and reports from the oat crop are likewise good.

Business is relatively best on the Pacific Coast, where export trade with the far East and the rush of miners to Alaska makes for activity.

A number of merchants in Ottawa, Ont., and Hull, Que., who were forced to suspend business owing to the great fire, have resumed.

Hog products are lower in price, and the same is true of cheese, petroleum, hides and leather, copper and a number of iron and steel products.

A Genealogical Joke.

The fruit that grows on the genealogical tree is generally dry, but not always dry with humor. Occasionally it develops a little juice, which surely should be carefully preserved. "Sylvanus Urban" tells in the Cornhill Magazine a story which we gladly perpetuate.

A man applied to the herald's college for a coat of arms. In such a case it is pleasant to be able to borrow one from a celebrated ancestor. This man could not remember that he had a great-grandfather or a grandmother even, and of course could not mention any achievement by any of his ancestors which could be used as the basis of a coat of arms.

But the officer to whom he applied was not easily discouraged. "Have you not done something yourself?" he asked.

"Nothing, I fear," said the man, adding as a pathetic antithesis, that once, "being locked in Ludgate Prison for debt, I found means to escape from an upper window."

"And how did you get down?"

"I got a cord, fixed it around the neck of King Lud's statue, and lowered myself down."

"Just the thing! There you have it—honor enough. Lineally descended from King Lud. His coat of arms is good enough for you."

The Art of Chinese Porcelains.

It is only the bright side of life that is represented on Chinese porcelains. John Chinaman's existence as depicted by himself on these fragile monuments appears to be all play and no work. There are pleasure pavilions where Emperors come to see pretty ladies boating among lotus blooms, wedding processions proceeding from house to house, with tom-toms and banners, feasts and sacrifices, jousts and tournaments. Scholars are inditing poetry or playing chess; lovers are strolling by moonlight. Or, voyaging up the Yangtse or the Hwang River, in a boat of coral or of curled lotus leaf, a fairy princess goes to pay her respects to the Queen of the Genii on her birthday. Between rocks of cobalt blue, the round, red sun sinks to rest behind the mountains of the western Paradise; and Hang-tseangtse plays his flute, and the stork of longevity and the bats of happiness accompany the pair on their journey. Pieces so decorated were intended to serve for birthday presents, and the picture conveyed the doner's wish that the friend to whom he sent it might enjoy many returns of the day. —The Art Amateur.

Station and Master But no Train.

Among the queer things of this world is a town with a railway station that cost twenty thousand dollars, a station master, but no train service. There is a railway to the place, which is Dundee, in New Jersey, but the trouble is that the railway passes beyond the town to others of more importance. Following the direction of the railway the trains also pass through the town and without stopping. So day after day the station man sits in his twenty thousand dollar office and watches the trains go by. He never sells a ticket, never checks any baggage and it looks as if he might never flag a train unless by accident.

The Easiest Way Out.

"No more late hours, remember, Mr. Grimshaw," concluded the eminent specialist. "No more cigars; no more small bottles."

"H'm!" replied Grimshaw, in a non-committal way. "Good-day, doctor."

"Pardon me," said the physician, suavely; "but the—ah! fee for my advice is ten dollars."

"Very likely it is worth that amount, but as I have concluded not to take it, of course I owe you nothing." And he departed, leaving the eminent specialist entirely without language appropriate for the emergency.

Acorns as Food.

The Indians who inhabit Mendocino County, California, have gradually evolved an interesting chemical process for riddling the acorns of the black oak, chestnut oak and valley white oak of their tannin and other bitter principles, says a writer in Science. The acorns thus prepared form an important and almost essential portion of the food of these Indians during the greater part of the year.

Once Belonged to Charles II.

Queen Victoria has a walking stick which was once the property of Charles II, to whom it was presented by a citizen of Worcester. Originally it was a branch of the tree in Boscobel in which Charles I hid when he was pursued by Cromwell's men. To the plain gold handle which first ornamented the stick Queen Victoria has had added a queer little Indian idol—a part of the loot from Seringapatam.

Invents a Burglar-Proof Window.

A Marion, Ind., man has invented a burglar-proof window. On the sill are two small knobs; one is for raising or lowing the upper sash, the other for the lower one. By turning the knob the window can be raised or lowered to any height, but the minute the finger is removed from the knob the window is locked.

PIMPLES

Perhaps you have already discovered that powders and washes will not cure these eruptions on your face. They may cover up and suppress, but they cannot remove. Rashes, boils, salt-rheum, shingles, hives, eczema, tetter, etc., are but surface indications of a deeper trouble. And

That's Bad Blood

The question for you now is,—how to make bad blood good blood: how to get rid of all these impurities in your system. Everybody knows the answer,—a perfect Sarsaparilla. No ordinary Sarsaparilla, such as you can buy at almost any store, will answer: it must be a perfect one. There is such a Sarsaparilla, and it differs widely in every way from all other Sarsaparillas.

That's AYER'S

"The only Sarsaparilla made under the personal supervision of three graduates: a graduate in pharmacy, a graduate in chemistry, and a graduate in medicine."

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"I had frequent and most painful boils. I was treated by a number of physicians, but they did me no good. I tried many kinds of patent medicines, but without effect; but when I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla I got hold of the right thing, for I was soon completely cured."—R. P. CROUSE, Attica, N. Y.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE is the same good, old-fashioned medicine that has saved the lives of little children for the past 60 years. It is a medicine made to cure. It has never been known to fail. Letters like the foregoing are coming to us constantly from all parts of the country. If your child is sick, get a bottle of FREY'S VERMIFUGE and try it.

Do not take a substitute. If your druggist does not keep it send 25 cents in stamps to C. A. S. FREY, Baltimore, Md., and a bottle will be mailed you.

Foes of City Trees.

The worst foes of city trees are storms, pavements and nocturnal illumination. Subterranean steam is also deadly. As to the bad effect of the electric lights there are least a couple of large trees in City Hall Park to-day to which the light is slowly but surely proving fatal. Insomnia is their trouble.

The death of other trees can be referred to illuminating gas, which escapes into the soil and asphyxiates the roots. The symtoms of gas-poisoning in trees are the sudden falling of the leaves and the deadened appearance of the bark. In mild cases the effect shows upon only one side of the tree, which, nevertheless, seldom survives. Death by gas may occur to trees a hundred feet from a main.

Despite these difficulties property-owners are begining to appreciate that trees have their place in the city no less than in the country, both for ornament and shade; and it is probable that the metropolis of the future will be better shaded than it is now, even if its former glories in this regard can never be restored.—New York Post.

World's Largest Reservoir.

One of the largest works of man's hands is the artificial lake, or reservoir, in India, at Rajputana. This reservoir, said to be the largest in the world, and known as the great tank of Dhebar, and used for irrigating purposes, covers an area of twenty-one square miles.

How to Buy a Carriage.

It is possible to save from $20 to $75 on carriages or other vehicles by purchasing from a manufacturer who sells direct to consumers. A reliable house and perhaps the oldest one doing business on this plan is the Elkhart Carriage & Harness Mfg. Co., of Elkhart, Indiana. Their vehicles and harness are of the best both in style and quality, and at prices that are right. Their customers always get satisfaction. See their advertisement in this paper.

London spends $140 a year on the education of each child in the public schools.

Jell-O, the New Dessert

Pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts.

Stews of fish are favorite dishes in all Latin countries.

A. M. Priest, Druggist, Shelbyville, Ind. says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure gives the best of satisfaction. Can get plenty of testimonials, as it cures every one who takes it." Druggists sell it, 75c.

Great Britain eats up her entire wheat crop in about thirteen weeks.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

It frequently happens that the deeper a man is in politics the more he is out.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds. N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Gr